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The North Carolinian.

PALEMON JOHN, Editor and Proprietor. Devoted to the Interests of the City, the County and the District. TERMS---$1.00 a Year, in Advance.

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THE NORTH CAROLINIAN
POWER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT
Is supplied with all the requisites for doing first-class Job Printing business, and promptly executes Wedding Cards, Visiting Cards, Business Cards, Ball Cards, Fancy Show Cards, Posters, Handbills, Programmes, Billheads, Dodgers, Bills of Fare, Wine Cards, Law Cases and Points, Statements, Pamphlets, Circulars, Books, etc., in the latest and neatest styles and at the lowest prices. Orders by mail will receive prompt attention.

WHEN IT RAINS.

Folks that live in the city, they grumble and complain,
And look dismaller than ever, when it comes on to rain,
And you can't exactly blame them, for I am free to say
There's nothing worse than the city on a rainy day.

Eaves and awnings dripping, black mud in the street,
Till you don't know whether you'd better mind your head or your feet;
And you go along jiltting and bumping the people that pass you by,
And you're lucky if an umbrella doesn't take you in the eye.

And the steam comes up from the gutter with every sort of a smell—
Except a good one—till you'd like to lose your nose for a spell.
And you can't see into the windows, for they've all a smear of steam,
And you feel as if the whole concern was just an ugly dream.

But here, out here in the country, it's another sort of guess;
The rain is making a picture, instead of making a mess;
There's as much as fifty shades of green in an acre or so of trees,
And as many more in the mowing field—especially in a breeze.

The sparrows chatter and giggle in every little pool;
They make me think of a parcel of girls on their way from school;
And the robins hunt in the plowed ground for the worms they know are there,
And the larks, though you can't see them, are singing everywhere.

And father says, "No fooling, if it is a rainy day!
Go cut a slice of fodder, and then you can bale that hay."
It's nice in the barn, I tell you! I open the big front door,
And stack things up in the corners, and sweep the dusty floor.

And then I tote out mother, with "Come see"—this or that;
The calf, or a hen and chickens, or even the dog or cat!
And she says, "Well, just for a minute—I haven't time to stay;
There's always such a lot of things to do on a rainy day."

But I turn up the bushel-measure, and coax her to sit down;
When it comes to telling a story, mother can beat the town!
She talks, and I cut the fodder, till father comes, with "My!
I thought you were saying something about a custard pie!"

And then she runs off laughing, and neither he nor I
Need say what we are thinking; it isn't just of the pie.
And we work along till mother calls through the rain
That dinner's ready—I tell you, she needn't to call again!

All times are good in the country; there's always plenty to do;
You can go to school in the winter, when the summer work is through.
You don't know much about playing, if you haven't worked your best,
And the folks that are always resting don't know what it is to rest!

—Margaret Vandegrift, in Youth's Companion.

THE DISENCHANTING OF THE MINISTER.

By EMMA HOWARD WIGHT.

Miss Sophia Pendelton sat in the parsonage parlor with a thoughtful frown contracting her brows. It was a perfect day, and the soft breeze audaciously ruffled Miss Sophia's gray locks and wafted the perfume of roses into the room.

The harrowing conviction was forcing itself upon Miss Sophia's mind that her brother, the Rev. Harmon Pendelton, at the mature age of 41, had actually fallen in love. This fact was in itself an offence to Miss Sophia, but it was not all, for the minister had committed the supreme folly of losing his heart to a child of a girl, and a most objectionable young person altogether in Miss Sophia's eyes.

"Now, if he had only fallen in love with Mary," mused Miss Sophia. "She is a most estimable young woman. But that doll-faced, vain, frivolous Lottie——" and Miss Sophia groaned. "A man of his age and a minister of the gospel to lose his wits over a pink and white complexion and yellow hair! Oh, it is too bad! If I only knew of some way to disenchant him."

Just then two girls and a young man passed along the street. One of the girls was tall, dark eyed and stately; the other was pink cheeked and yellow haired. Her hands were full of roses, and her laughing blue eyes were uplifted to the face of the young man by her side.

Miss Sophia snorted with disgust. "Flirting as usual, the shameless piece!" she ejaculated. "A nice minister's wife she would make! Harmon's an idiot!"

Then Miss Sophia suddenly awoke to the fact that the hired girl had been left much too long to her own devices, and rose hastily to her feet. In so doing she tripped over a stool and gave her ankle a severe wrench.

A little later the Reverend Harmon Pendelton returned home and found Miss Sophia with her foot on a stool and her ankle swathed in bandages.

"Why, Sophia, what has happened?" asked the minister.

"I've sprained my ankle," replied Miss Sophia, with grim disgust. "I can't so much as put my foot to the floor."

"Why, this is indeed bad!" murmured the Rev. Harmon.

"And it is not all," added Miss Sophia. "Martha has just had word that her mother is very ill and to come home immediately. What to do I can't imagine."

"Why, get another girl."

"Since when has it become so easy to get help in Westonville at a moment's notice?" ejaculated Miss Sophia, with supreme scorn.

"I met Miss Armiger down the street," said the minister, with sudden inspiration. "She intends stopping on her way home. Perhaps she can think of a way out of the difficulty."

"I don't doubt it; Mary Armiger is a most superior young woman," said Miss Sophia, with emphasis.

"Yes," she is indeed," readily assented the minister.

"So utterly unlike her sister, Lottie," supplemented Miss Sophia.

"Yes, they are very unlike, certainly," said the minister, quietly.

"Did you meet Lottie also?" asked Miss Sophia, furtively watching her brother's face. "She passed with Charlie Saunders, making eyes at him, as usual. What an audacious flirt that girl is!"

"Oh, I have not seen Lottie," replied the minister, and then he added, "Here comes Miss Armiger now."

He passed into the hall, returning in a few moments with Mary Armiger.

"Why, Miss Sophia, I am so sorry to hear of your accident," she said.

She had soft dark eyes and a low, sweet voice.

"I was just telling Sophia that perhaps you may be able to help in her present awkward predicament," said the minister. "Martha's mother is ill, and she is going home this afternoon."

"Why, that is too bad," said Mary Armiger. "How long will Martha be gone?"

"A week, at least," replied Miss Sophia.

"How would it do for me to come and keep house for you?" asked Mary, after a few moments' thought. "Father and mother are going away tomorrow for about two weeks. There's the Widow Mason's daughter, Sarah, who would, I am sure, be glad to come and do the rough work."

"You would be doing me a kindness I should not soon forget," replied Miss Sophia, with surprising eagerness.

In fact, she was really delighted with the plan. What an opportunity it would afford to bring Mary Armiger's sterling qualities under the observation of the minister! He was fully cognizant of her usefulness in the church, her good work among the poor and suffering of the parish; her domestic virtues could now be demonstrated to him.

Miss Sophia looked at her brother. He was gazing gratefully and appreciatively at Miss Armiger.

"No one in trouble ever appeals to you in vain, Miss Mary," he said. "But this is really something of an imposition."

"Not at all. I shall be very glad indeed to come. Only," with a slight hesitation, "I am afraid I should be obliged to bring Lottie, as there will be no one at home."

Miss Sophia's brow darkened; the minister's pale face flushed slightly.

"By all means bring Miss Lottie," he said, as Miss Sophia remained silent.

Then suddenly Miss Sophia's brow cleared. It occurred to her that Lottie's presence might very materially further her plans. It was true that the minister had fallen a victim to her pretty face, but living in the same house with her for an entire week, he would have abundant opportunity to compare her with her sister, and disenchantment was sure to follow.

"Of course we shall be pleased to have your sister," said Miss Sophia, with such evident sincerity that the minister, well aware of her views regarding the younger Miss Armiger, was considerably astonished.

The next day, Martha having departed, the two Miss Armigers took up their abode at the parsonage. Five days passed. Miss Sophia was sitting at the parlor window in the evening, reflecting with much complacency over the events of the past five days. Mary Armiger had certainly demonstrated the fact that she was a model housekeeper and an unexcelled cook, and the minister appeared duly impressed. He spoke enthusiastically of Mary's abilities as a housekeeper, and he gave abundant proof that her cooking met with his approval. As for Lottie—she had played right into Miss Sophia's hands. She lay in bed until very late every morning, and she spent the remainer of the day lying in the hammock, reading a novel or flirting with Charlie Saunders.

Miss Sophia heartily disapproved of Charlie, who, being the only child of rich parents, was rather given to taking life comfortably and getting all the pleasure out of it possible. Charlie was quite aware of Miss Sophia's feelings for himself, and the cordiality with which she received him during the Miss Armigers' visit caused him the liveliest surprise.

Though Lottie always looked distractingly pretty, Miss Sophia felt sure the minister had quite gotten over his fancy for her forget-me-not eyes, pink cheeks and yellow hair in the contemplation of Mary's sterling qualities.

"Really," murmured Miss Sophia, looking down upon her injured limb with quite an air of approval, "the spraining of my ankle was providential."

Lifting her eyes, Miss Sophia saw upon the porch, quite distinctly, for the moon was shining brightly, Mary Armiger and Charlie Saunders. She stiffened in her chair. Mary and Charlie being together it followed that Lottie and the minister were bearing each other company. There rose before Miss Sophia's mind's eye a distracting vision of Lottie, lovely in her white gown, with pink roses in her yellow hair. The next moment, however, all thought of Lottie, engaged in luring the minister to a return to his former folly was driven from Miss Sophia's mind, for Charlie Saunders had placed his arm about Mary's waist and kissed her upon the lips.

Miss Sophia gasped in astonishment and horror. Could she have seen aright? Mary Armiger, the model of all that is best in womanhood, permitting an insolent boy to kiss her unrebuked!

As Miss Sophia sat bewildered the couple moved towards her.

"Why, Miss Sophia, you are all in the dark; I'll light the lamp," said Mary, as she stepped through the low window into the room, followed by Charlie.

Miss Sophia sat in grim silence until Mary had lighted the lamp. She fixed her eyes sternly upon Mary. Certainly she had never seen the elder Miss Armiger look quite so pretty before. There was a pink flush in her cheeks, and her dark eyes were soft and bright.

"Mary Armiger, did I really see that young man kissing you a few moments ago or did my eyes deceive me?" asked Miss Sophia, with uncompromising abruptness.

Mary blushed, while Charlie, to Miss Sophia's intense indignation, began to laugh.

"I—I am afraid that you did, Miss Sophia," faltered Mary. "You see I had just promised to marry him."

"What!" gasped Miss Sophia. "That worthless young scamp, who does nothing but flirt with your sister?"

"Now, Miss Sophia, that's too bad!" cried Charlie. "Lottie and I never thought of such a thing. She knows that I've been in love with Mary for ever so long."

Before Miss Sophia had time to collect her scattered wits sufficiently to make a reply the minister and Lottie entered the room. Lottie's cheeks were pinker than the roses she wore in her hair, and the minister's eyes were radiant.

For a moment Miss Sophia's eyes lingered first upon the girl and then upon her brother, and she made a quick movement to rise from her chair. The minister came to her assistance.

"I wish to go to my room," she said, laying her hand upon her brother's arm, but keeping her face studiously averted from him and the other occupants of the parlor.

When they reached her bedroom door she stopped and turned a rather white face towards him.

"I suppose you will permit me to remain until you are married to that doll?" she said.

"Why, Sophia, surely you are not thinking of deserting me now that I shall need you more than ever?" exclaimed the minister. "You see if I were going to marry a woman like Mary Armiger now," and a suspicion of a smile crossed his lips, but was quickly suppressed, "I should not require anyone to keep house for me. But its being Lottie makes it a very different matter."

For a moment or two Miss Sophia said nothing.

"Humph" she at length replied. "I'll think about remaining."

QUAINT AND CURIOUS.

A singular accident happened to Roy Allison, a son of Charles Allison, of Port Carbon, Penn. He was laughing hea tily, and in bringing his right hand down forcibly on his knee he broke the kneecap.

In a Western city an ingenious electrician has sent out a machine which he calls an "electric goat," to carry away the sticks, paper and debris which gather in the city's streets. This is done by arm which reach out and take up whatever comes within their grasp.

William Landers, who tried on July 3 to pulverize giant powder in a coffee mill and whose head and body were injured terribly in an explosion which followed, was released from the hospital at Youngstown, Ohio, recently. Picric acid was used upon his body, face and limbs, and he is nearly well. The acid left marks and his hair is a pretty green in color. The acid is used in dyeing silk, and the patient will have green hair for a long time. The body is of a yellowish color. Doctors look upon the cure as marvelous and cannot account for the present color of the hair. Landers was swathed in blankets which were saturated with the acid.

Visitors in the Presbyterian cemetery at Dover, Del., recently found in a distant section of the cemetery, some forty feet apart, graves of three young women. They are the wives of Alexander McClyment, a former assemblyman and well-known citizen of the early part of this century. On the slab of Sarah, who died in 1811, aged 21, is inscribed: "Oh, Monster! My heart is torn asunder by this ghastly wound." In 1816 Elizabeth, the second wife, died, aged 22, and her tomb contains words even stronger: "Insatiate archer! Would not one suffice?" But in 1825, when Elizabeth, the third wife, died at the age of 25, the sorrow-stricken husband wrote: "Thy shaft fell thrice; and thrice my peace was slain!"

A wonderful growth discovered some time ago in the sandy dry plains of Mexico seems, after all, not to be such a wonder as it was at first believed to be. A species of cactus, the Foquiers, growing in the shape of a tapered column, is rather commonly found thirty feet or more in height. One specimen, however, was found bent into a huge arch both ends of which entered the soil at a distance of six yards from each other. In the centre of the arch a shoot grew out, which is now more than ten feet long. How did this oddity grow thus? The question was answered in a very simple way the other day. An old herder related that, when he was young, he and other cowboys lassoed for fun the highest of the tall cactuses they found, and, pulling it down they buried the top of the column in the sand. This end grew roots, and a few years after the superabundance of vitality of this cactus forced for itself a way out in the new shoot, although this species never grows branches ordinarily. Now the plant looks like a gigantic spur.

The Voracity of the Pike.

The voracity of the pike, which has formed the theme of so many newspaper paragraphs, still provides material for the amazement of the rural fisherman. They are great at swallowing rats. The last achievement of this sort comes from Luton. A member of the town council hooked and landed a pike weighing five and one-quarter pounds at Three Locks, near Leighton Buzzard, the other day. A rat's tail was discovered protruding from the pike's jaws, and upon cutting the fish open the body of a full grown water-rat was found intact. The rat had evidentally been swallowed immediately before the pike was hooked.—Westminster Gazette.

To Effect a Change.

Tom Highfly—I'm going to stop running around so much. To tell the truth, I'm tired of having a good time.

Arthur Henpeck—Then, why in the name of sense don't you marry?—Harlem Life.

UNRESTRICTED DOMESTIC COMPETITION.

H. O. Havemeyer (testimony before the U. S. Industrial Commission, June 14, 1899)—"The customs tariff is the mother of trusts."

Madam Protection—"If you insist upon being recognized as a member of this family, you must be prepared to submit to its discipline and restraints. 'Unrestricted domestic competition' is the rule of this establishment."

INDUSTRIAL KLONDIKE.

PITTSBURG'S HIVE OF PROTECTED INDUSTRIES.

Extraordinary Showing by a Free Trade Journal of a Condition of Things That Has Followed the Restoration of the American Policy.

The New York World has discovered the existence of a Greater Klondike. It is located in Pittsburg, that hive of protected industries, and the World's correspondent is telling some tall stories of the wonderful products of the region. The stories are well told, and they have the additional merit of being true—which is more than can be said of all the World's stories. Reduced to a brief form of statement, the situation in Western Pennsylvania's industrial Eldorado is thus described:

"Area of Pittsburg's Industrial Klondike, 180 square miles.

"Number of industries being operated on full time, 118.

"Number of men employed in these, embracing all classes, 270,000.

"Average wages per day, $2.15.

"Range of wages, $1.75 to $7 per day.

"Number of idle men, none, except from sickness.

"Number of mills and factories unable to run full time by reason of scarcity of labor, sixty.

"Railroads unable to move freight promptly because the traffic is thirty per cent. larger than all the freight cars in service.

"Gross daily value of trade in Industrial Klondike, $6,000,000."

Further along we find the World, a free trade journal, testifying to the wonderful results of the revival of industry that has taken place since the readvent of protection and prosperity. It prints the following table showing "the extent to which labor has shared in the increased prosperity that has come to the iron and steel centre of America during the past year:"

Trade.	Increased wages, per cent.
Tin plate workers	15
Sheet iron mill men:	
Tonnage hands	11¼
Day hands	25
Finishers	25
Steel workers, both in and out of the Amalgamated Association	10 to 15

In this table no account is taken of increased employment. A detailed exhibit of this important branch of the subject would doubtless show that the number of men who are now receiving the increased rate of wages is nearly double the number which received the lower rate of wages paid four years ago in the Pittsburg district. Four years ago, an equivalent length of time after the enactment of the Wilson free trade tariff, scarcely more than one-half of the workers of the Pittsburg district could demand steady employment at the then lower rate of wages. To-day, two years after the enactment of the Dingley tariff, not only are wages much higher, but the supply of labor is not equal to the demand. Again let the free trade World tell the story:

"When Mr. Bryan, the aspirant for the Democratic Presidential nomination, recently visited Homestead, he asked a colored man employed there what wages he made a day.

"'Oh, about $6 when I work full time,' was the answer.

"Mr. Bryan did not ask any more questions.

"Even the iron puddlers, whose work among furnaces of molten iron is about as humble and hard as it can be, come in for a share in the general prosperity. As a matter of fact there are not puddlers enough to fill the demand. Yet only a few years ago the puddlers were a drug in the market as a result of the improved machine methods introduced to take their place.

"In the phenomenal revival of trade in the Pittsburg Klondike the puddler has been summoned again as a matter of necessity. His pay a year ago was $4 a ton. Now it is $5. With a helper, whom he pays, he can make $7.50 or $8 a day. Only a very small percentage of the mills can secure all the puddlers they want.

"There were two manufacturers at the headquarters of the Amalgamated Association to-day seeking puddlers. One came from Alabama, the other from Ohio. The Alabama man wanted 200. He was told that the manufacturers in the Pittsburg district wanted men as badly as he did. He went further East to-night, seeking them.

"Common laborers are almost as scarce as skilled hands. Mr. Williams, Secretary of the Amalgamated Association, told the World staff correspondent to-day that unskilled laborers could find employment throughout the district. Contractors employing laborers on public improvements are constantly seeking men.

"John C. Sheehan, the former boss of Tammany Hall, who has a contract for constructing Pittsburg's new $5,000,000 boulevard, is inconvenienced by the limited supply of laborers.

"E. B. Taylor, general superintendent of the Pennsylvania lines west of Pittsburg, said to-day that his road could not secure as many men as he desired.

"The same story is heard in every line of trade, but principally, as is natural, from mill owners—not men enough, cars enough, facilities enough to meet the new conditions that are making the 180 square miles of mines, forges, mills and factories around Pittsburg a veritable Golconda of wealth.

"Next to the shortage of labor comes the transportation famine as a factor in regarding the fullest operation of the industries in the Pittsburg district. Mine, mill and factory owners all complain of their inability to secure enough cars to carry their product to the markets.

"Railway officials have pressed into service all the cars they can secure from any quarter, yet there are not enough.

"It may be that the shippers are themselves to blame, as the railway officials declare. Their complaint is that the mill owners and mine operators are compelled to utilize the cars for storage purposes because of the lack of room in their establishments.

"'Some of the mill men,' said Mr. Taylor, 'have long lines of ore, coal and freight cars in their yards, all loaded with material. They have no storage facilities of their own, and use the cars. There are 9000 tons of coal locked in cars and awaiting delivery.

"'The rush comes every summer, but business is very much greater this year than for many years past.'

"River transportation is choked with the immense amount of business quite as badly as are the railways. Thousands of tons of iron and steel are stored on the docks awaiting shipment to Western river points.

"Ready for transportation to Southern points are 30,000,000 bushels of coal that cannot be moved until the flood of the river in a few weeks.

"Great difficulty is experienced in securing hands enough to transfer much of this tonnage from cars to docks and boats. In one coal yard as high as $1.75 a day is being paid to shovelers, and they are scarce at that price.

"The good times that have come to the operators and operatives in the Pittsburg Klondike are not confined to the iron, steel, coal, coke, tin and glass fields.

"From reports to the commercial agencies and big dealers the sun of prosperity shines upon all kinds of toilers, the labor and professional classes alike. It was said to-day by a lawyer and by a leading newspaper proprietor that the supply of competent labor in those branches was quite as restricted as in the mines and mills."

It is not very difficult to guess the motive of the New York World in blazoning forth these splendid facts of restored prosperity. Doubtless the design is to warn Mr. Bryan and his Demo-Pop following of the futility of preaching "16 to 1" as an issue in next year's campaign; to present an object lesson which shall show that in times like these a cheap money crusade will fall flat. Such, indeed, is the inevitable logic of the World's showing. But it logically demonstrates much more, which all the World's free trade sophistry cannot obscure or keep down—namely, that the Industrial Klondike that is the rule everywhere throughout this country is in great measure the product of the policy of protection. In sounding the knell of free silver the World is unconsciously arranging for the obsequies of free trade. It is building better than it knows.

A Period of "Eager Buyers."

One of the arguments used against trusts by those who are opposed to them is that the formation of these big industrial combinations throws hundreds of traveling salesmen out of employment. There is some compensation for the salesmen however; and those interested in their affairs will find a little consolation in the report recently sent out from Baltimore by the correspondent of a trade paper. The report says:

"Jobbers report the receipt of numerous orders for fall goods, and advices from traveling salesmen are to the effect that country merchants are eager buyers."

The days of the traveling salesmen are not over yet, trusts or no trusts, and are not likely to be over, in view of the era of prosperity which is opening up before the country. The period of "eager buyers" is the traveling salesman's gala day, and "eager buyers" are what protection and prosperity produce. So long as the country is under a protective tariff law, traveling sales, as well as men in all other lines of business, will find that they are all right. The increased volume of trade which has come since the passage of the Dingley law and which is continuing to come in increasing ratio will create a demand for the services of traveling salesmen which will more than make up for all decrease of demand which has resulted from industrial combinations.

First Automobile Club in Germany.

The first automobile club of Germany has just been organized in Berlin.

RIOTING IN CLEVELAND.

Mobs Stone Derailed Cars and Destroy Property.

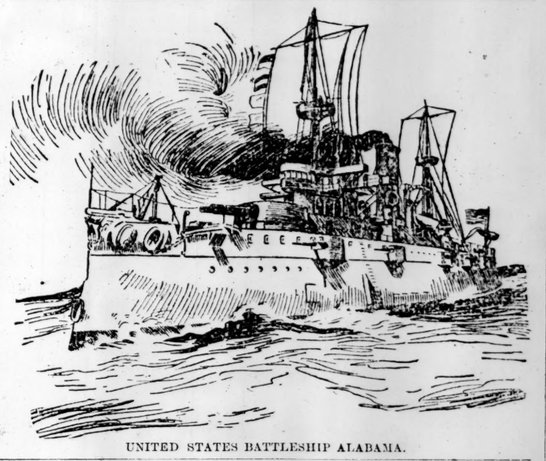
ROUGH TREATMENT FOR CREWS.

Conductors and Motormen Beaten and Hit With Missiles—Four Cars Nearly Demolished—Police Succeed in Restoring Order Only After Determined Efforts and Show of Force.

CLEVELAND, Ohio (Special).—Rioting began anew a few days ago in the strike on the lines of the Big Consolidated street railway, and four cars were nearly demolished, while the crews were compelled to flee for their lives. It was only after determined effort by thirty policemen that order was finally restored.

The first outbreak occurred on Central avenue, near the C. and P. railway crossing, where an east-bound car jumped from the track at the derailing switch.

It was about 6 p. m., and workingmen were returning home from the factories and mills in the vicinity. A mob of several hundred people soon gathered and the lawless element began to stone the car and crew.



UNITED STATES BATTLESHIP ALABAMA.

Another east-bound car soon arrived at the crossing and was brought to a standstill. The motormen and conductors were pulled from the car and only succeeded in escaping after passing through a gauntlet of rocks and stones.

The crew of the first car fared even worse, the motorman being seriously injured. A west-bound car was also stopped at the crossing and the crew was nearly mobbed by the now frantic crowd. The front and rear vestibules of all the cars were utterly demolished and every window was broken.

Later a mob of about three thousand people gathered about the car at the corner of Central and Lincoln avenues, which is a residence portion of the city. The crew of this car was saved from serious injury by the arrival of a detachment of police.

ALABAMA'S TRIAL A SUCCESS.

The New Battleship Attains a Maximum Speed of 17 1-4 Knots.

LEWES, Del. (Special).—The builders' trial trip of the battleship Alabama resulted in the development of a maximum speed of 17¼ knots. There was a drizzling rain part of the run, and a fog hung over the water throughout the day.

On the first run the Alabama averaged 15¾ knots per hour over a course of 11¼ knots. She steamed over the course twice in a moderate sea, half the way against the wind. On the second run, under forced draught, the average speed was 16.33 knots, and on this run the Alabama attained a maximum of 17¼, or 1¼ knots above the required 16 knots.

The trial was made in open sea, and in shoal water. It was satisfactory in every respect, and the builders are delighted with the showing made.

CADET DISMISSED FOR HAZING.

He Had Just Returned From a Term of Suspension—Young Grant His Victim.

WEST POINT, N.Y. (Special).—Cadet Philip S. Smith, of Nebraska, who a year ago when a member of the second class was tried by a general court-martial for hazing a "plebe" and sentenced to suspension, was dismissed from the Military Academy just twenty-four hours after he had reported back to join the present third class. Smith was caught by one of the tactical officers hazing the son of General Frederick D. Grant. Colonel Mills has determined to stamp out hazing, and all cadets caught at it will meet with a similar fate. This is the first time in the history of the academy that a cadet has been dismissed for hazing without a trial.

The Famous Counsel For Dreyfus.

M. FERNAND LABORI.

Killed His Mother For a Burglar.

Carlton Simone, a young farmer living near North Creek, Ohio, accidently shot and instantly killed his mother. Mrs. Simone got up shortly after 3 o'clock and her son thinking burglars were about, fired his pistol through a door, shooting her through the heart.

To Release Sick Spaniards.

The Red Cross Society at Madrid, Spain, has been informed that Aguinaldo has formally promised to release the sick Spanish prisoners now held by the Filipinos.

Prominent People.

Colonel Picquart is the real hero of the Dreyfus case.

The estate left by the late Colonel Ingersoll is valued at $10,000.

Kintichi Batsoka, President of the Diet of Japan, is a Presbyterian.

President Diaz is gratified at the placing of the Mexican bonds in the United States.

Prince Henry of Prussia will return from Asia in December by way of the United States.

President McKinley has been elected a trustee of the American University and has accepted the position.

St. Gaudens is the greatest sculptor we have. He has few rivals in Europe. Dubois and Rodin are alone his peers.

PROCLAMATION IN GUAM

Captain Leary, the Governor, Establishes American Sovereignty.

The Inhabitants Have Freedom of Worship and Protection in the Lawful Pursuits of Life.

BALTIMORE, Md. (Special). — Captain Richard P. Leary, United States Navy, a native of Baltimore, has arrived at Guam, Ladrone Islands, and has established the sovereignty of the United States. A letter received here incloses a copy of the first proclamation of Captain Leary, as Governor of the islands, to the natives. It is in part as follows:

"That you, the inhabitants of Guam, are hereby informed that in establishing a new political power the authority of the United States will be exerted for the security of the persons and property of the people of the island and for the confirmation of all your private rights and relations. That all political rights heretofore exercised by the clergy in dominating the people of this island are hereby abolished, and every one is guaranteed absolute freedom of worship and full protection in the lawful pursuits of life, so long as that protection is deserved by actual submission to and compliance with the requirements of the Government of the United States.

"That all public lands and property and all rights and privileges on shore or in the contiguous waters of the island that belonged to Spain at the time of the surrender now belong to the United States, and all persons are warned against attempting to purchase, appropriate or dispose of any of the aforesaid properties, rights or privileges without the consent of the United States Government. That for the present preservation of law and order the existing law not conflicting with the provisions of this proclamation will continue in force until modified or annulled by competent authority, and all persons are enjoined to render prompt and cheerful obedience to the same in order that the blessings of good government, coupled with happiness and prosperity for the greatest good of the greatest number, may be the heritage of all residents of the island as worthy citizens of the Island of Guam under the free flag of the United States."

WHEELER AT THE FRONT.

He Will Command Funston's Old Brigade Under MacArthur.

MANILA (By Cable).—General Wheeler has been ordered to report to General MacArthur. He will have command of General Funston's brigade, which Colonel Liscum has commanded temporarily.

General Wheeler said:

"I am much pleased with the situation. I think that, when Major-General Otis gets more troops here, he will make rapid progress. The country is more favorable for military operations than I supposed. The impression that the country is unhealthy is wrong."

Funston to Retire From the Army.

FORT SCOTT, Kan. (Special).—A letter was received here from Lieutenant C. G. Warner, who is aide on General Fred. Funston's staff, stating that Funston is in Manila awaiting orders to sail for home with the Twentieth Kansas Regiment. The letter states that Funston will retire from army life and reside in Kansas.

MULES HOLD UP EXPRESS TRAIN.

Fight in Atlantic City Between an Ice Company and a Railroad.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J. (Special).—A Reading express train was a few days ago held up an hour by a team of mules placed across the track by the Citizens' Ice Company, who claim equal rights with the railroad to the street. The passengers and railroad crew attempted to force the team away, but were threatened with arrest if the team was touched.

All attempts to frighten the team into a run by a racket upon the engine's whistle and bell utterly failed, and the mules stood like rock until a score of firemen slowly loaded up the wagon, when it was driven away. Then the train started to Philadelphia.

A legal fight has begun over the possession of the street.

33,692 CUBANS PAID.

$2,526,900 of the $3,000,000 Was Distributed to Soldiers.

HAVANA (By Cable).—The commission which has been engaged in distributing the $3,000,000 appropriated for the purpose of paying off Cuban soldiers who surrender their arms to the American officials has returned to Havana.

It reports that 33,692 persons have received their share of the gratuity, and that the total amount of money distributed is $2,526,900.

Newark Blown Out of Her Course.

The cruiser Newark, which was blown out of her course and ran short of coal while rounding the Horn, arrived safely at San Francisco, Cal.

General Wood Arrests Jimenez.

General Juan Isidro Jimenez, the revolutionary aspirant to the Presidency of the Republic of Santo Domingo, was placed under arrest at Santiago de Cuba by the order of General Leonard Wood, the Military Governor, who will not permit him to proceed to Santo Domingo, except under instructions to that effect from Havana.

Transvaal War Imminent.

General Joubert, commander of the Boer Army, says that the Republic must be prepared for war. All dispatches indicate that a conflict is imminent.

Ocean Grove Camp Meeting Closed.

The camp meeting has been closed at Ocean Grove, N. J. It has been one of the most successful in the history of the association. The old line Methodists are somewhat doubtful as to the fitness of the policy adopted this year, but the younger and more progressive claim the results have justified the innovation of bringing to the Grove men of National prominence to talk on other than religious subjects.

To Arbitrate Hankow Affair.

It has been arranged between the Russian Minister at Pekin, China, M. de Giers, and the British Charge d' Affaires to submit the Hankow incident to arbitration

THE PHILIPPINES OURS.

President Says American Authority Must Be Established There.

NO PAUSE TILL REVOLT ENDS

Keystone State's Returning Troops Greeted by Cheering Multitudes in Pittsburg—Swords Presented to All the Officers of the Regiment and Medals to the Soldiers—The President's Speech

PITTSBURG, Penn. (Special).—With cannon booming, bells clanging, whistles shrieking, flags waving and mighty cheers from hundreds of thousands of throats, the brave Tenth Pennsylvania Volunteers were welcomed home after more than a year's gallant service in the Philippines. It was the greatest demonstration of patriotism ever seen in this city. A fund of $55,000, donated by citizens, permitted lavish preparations for the reception.

It is estimated that fully 500,000 persons watched the soldiers as they went over a line of march five miles long. The procession was led by an escort of the National Guard and Grand Army men. President McKinley and his party followed in carriages.

When the regiment was drawn up in front of the reviewing stand Governor Stone made some introductory remarks and then introduced the President, who spoke as follows.

"Governor Stone and My Fellow-Citizens: I am glad to participate with the families, friends and fellow-citizens of the Tenth Pennsylvania Volunteers in this glad reunion.

"You have earned the plaudits not alone of the people of Pennsylvania, but of the whole nation. Your return has been the signal for a great demonstration of popular regard from your landing in the Golden Gate, on the Pacific, to your homecoming, and here you find a warmth of welcome and a greeting from joyous hearts, which tell better than words the estimate of your countrymen and their high appreciation of the services you have rendered the country.

"You made secure and permanent the victory of Dewey. You added new glory to American arms. You and your brave comrades engaged on other fields of conflict have enlarged the map of the United States and extended the jurisdiction of American liberty."

The President then paid a handsome tribute to all the troops, saying: "Whether in Cuba, Porto Rico, or the Philippines, or at home awaiting orders, they did their full duty, and all sought the post of greatest peril. They never faltered."

Continuing the President said: "Peace brought us the Philippines by treaty cession from Spain. The Senate of the United States ratified the treaty. Every step taken was in obedience to the requirements of the Constitution. It became our territory, and is ours, as much as the Louisiana Purchase, or Texas, or Alaska. A body of insurgents in no sense representing the sentiment of the people of the islands disputed our lawful authority, and even before the ratification of the treaty by the American Senate were attacking the forces who fought for and secured their freedom."

This was the situation in April, 1899, the date of the exchange of ratifications, said the President. There were then only 27,000 regulars subject to the unquestioned direction of the Executive. Practically a new army had to be created, and the loyal volunteers in the Philippines said that they would stay until the Government could organize an army and send it to the seat of hostilities. Without their aid at that critical time we would have been practically helpless on land, and the brilliant victories of the army and navy in the bay and city of Manila would have been won in vain.

The President then mentioned the following regiments and battalions that, he said, deserved to be perpetuated in the nation's annals: First California, California Artillery, First Colorado, First Idaho, Fifty-first Iowa, Twentieth Kansas, Thirteenth Minnesota, First Montana, First Nebraska, First North Dakota, Nevada Cavalry, Second Oregon, Tenth Pennsylvania, First South Dakota, First Tennessee, Utah Artillery, First Washington, First Wyoming and Wyoming Battery.

President McKinley then referred to the situation in the Philippines before the present revolt of the Filipinos. The insults and duplicity of the insurgents severely tried the self-restraint of the volunteers. The President continued:

"They [the volunteers] were not the aggressors. They did not begin hostilities against the insurgents pending the ratification of the treaty of peace in the Senate, great as was their justification, because their orders from Washington forbade it.

"I take all the responsibility for that direction. Otis only executed the orders of his Government and the soldiers, under great provocation to strike back, obeyed.

"The first blow was struck by the insurgents. Our kindness was reciprocated with cruelty, our mercy with a Mauser. The flag of truce was invoked only to be dishonored. Our soldiers were shot down when ministering to the wounded Filipinos. Our humanity was interpreted as weakness, our forbearance as cowardice.

"They assailed our sovereignty, and there will be no useless parley—no pause until the insurrection is suppressed and American authority acknowledged and established. The misguided followers in rebellion have only our charity and pity.

"As to the cruel leaders who have needlessly sacrificed the lives of thousands of their people at the cost of some of our best blood, for the gratification of their own ambitious designs, I will leave to others the ungracious task of justification and eulogy.

"Every one of the noble men, regulars or volunteers, soldiers or seamen, who thus signally served their country in its extremity deserves the special recognition of Congress, and it will be to me an unfeigned pleasure to recommend for each of them a special medal of honor."

The President concluded:

"The Government to which you gave your loyalty welcomes you to your homes. With no blot or stain upon your record, the story of your unselfish services to country and to civilization will be to the men who take your places at the front and on the firing line, and to the future generations, an example of patriotism and an inspiration to duty."

Congressman John Dalzell followed in an eloquent address, and on behalf of the citizens of Western Pennsylvania presented each of the commissioned officers a sword, the Chaplain a loving cup, and every man in the regiment a beautiful medal. The presents were received by Colonel Barrett on behalf of the officers and men.

Pacific Squadron of Evolution.

The Navy Department, Washington, will organize a squadron of evolution on the Pacific Coast soon, the vessels composing it being the Philadelphia, Admiral Kautz's flagship; the Iowa, Newark and Marblehead. A cruise will be made along the Pacific Coast.

Captain Enlists as a Private.

Captain Charles H. Stoddard, formerly of the Seventy-first Regiment, of New York City, has enlisted as a private in the Twenty-ninth Infantry, which is under orders to proceed to the Philippines.

The Labor World.

Chicago wants 5000 able-bodied girls to do general housework.

Complaints of the lack of laborers come from all parts of California.

Two thousand miners are said to have left the coal fields of West Virginia for the West.

Not more than ten per cent. of domestic servants in England keep their places over three years.

From nine to ten thousand masons struck at Havana, Cuba, to enforce a demand for higher wages.

The Illinois Steel Company is hereafter to give preference to English-speaking labor. It has tried the other kind for five years.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

Missed the Opportunity.

Mrs. Bargane—Haven't you got a toothache, John?

Mr. Bargane—No, my dear. Why?

Mrs. Bargane—Oh, I am so sorry that you have not. I bought a new toothache cure today at a bargain, and I wanted you to try it.—Baltimore Jewish Comment.

What to Say About the Baby.

The wise bachelor who is called upon to compliment the new heir of his wedded friend can make himself popular by declaring with emphasis, "Well, that is a baby." There is no gainsaying that. It isn't a bit complimentary and sounds like strong praise.—Philadelphia Times.

Rare Devotion.

"Do you think Dolly's fiance loves her?"

"Indeed he does. Why, he went and made love to that pretty Allbright girl, just to give Dolly a chance to cut her out."—Collier's Weekly.

ASK YOUR DOCTOR!

Ask your physician this question, "What is the one great remedy for consumption?" He will answer, "Cod-liver oil." Nine out of ten will answer the same way.

Yet when persons have consumption they loathe all fatty foods, yet fat is necessary for their recovery and they cannot take plain cod-liver oil. The plain oil disturbs the stomach and takes away the appetite. The disagreeable fishy odor and taste make it almost unendurable. What is to be done?

This question was answered when we first made

SCOTT'S EMULSION

of Cod-Liver Oil with Hypophosphites. Although that was nearly twenty-five years ago, yet it stands alone today the one great remedy for all affections of the throat and lungs.

The bad taste and odor have been taken away, the oil itself has been partly digested, and the most sensitive stomach objects to it rarely. Not one in ten can take and digest the plain oil. Nine out of ten can take SCOTT'S EMULSION and digest it. That's why it cures so many cases of early consumption. Even in advanced cases it brings comfort and greatly prolongs life.

50c. and $1.00, all druggists.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

Norfolk and Southern R. R.

Schedule in effect Aug. 28, 1899.

Norfolk & Southern R. R. Mail and Express trains, Southbound, daily (except Sundays leave Elizabeth City, at 11:40, A. M., and 6:00, P. M., Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays. Northbound, daily, except Sundays, leave Elizabeth City at 2:45 P. M., and Tuesdays Thursdays and Saturdays at 9:30, A. M.

The trains arrive at and depart from the Norfolk & Western depot, Norfolk, connect at Norfolk with all Rail and Steamer lines, and at Edenton with Steamer for Roanoke, Cashie Chowan and Scuppernong rivers, transfer Steamers to Mackey's Ferry, thence by Norfolk & Southern R. R. to Pantego and Belhaven connecting with Steamer for Makeleyville, Aurora, Washington and all intermediate landings.

EASTERN CAROLINA DISPATCH AND OLD DOMINION LINE.

The Steamer Newbern or Ocracoke will leave Elizabeth City Monday, Thursday and Saturday at 6:00, P. M., for Newbern, Oriental, and Roanoke Island, connecting with the A. & N. C. R. R. for Goldsboro, Kinston and Morehead City, and with the W. & W. R. R. for Jacksonville, Wilmington, N. C.

Tickets on sale at Elizabeth City Station to Roanoke Island, Nowberne, Oriental, Kinston, Goldsboro, Morehead City and Wilmington.

Daily all rail service between Elizabeth City and New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Norfolk.

Through cars low rates and quicker time than by any other route.

Direct all goods to be shipped via Eastern Carolina Dispatch as follows: From Norfolk by Norfolk & Southern Railroad, Baltimore, by P. W. & B. R. R., President Street Station, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania R. R., Dock Street Station, New York, by Pennsylvania R. R. Pier 27 North River, and Old Dominion Line.

For further information apply to M. H Snowden, Agent, Elizabeth City, or to the General Office of the Norfolk & Southern R. R Company, Norfolk, Va.

M. K. KING, Gen'l Man'r. H. C. HUDGINS, Gen'l Ft & Pass'r Ag

GEORGE W. BELL,
Gun-Smith,

At the Old Stand on Road Street,

ELIZ. CITY, NORTH CAROLINA

W H Morris,
Veterinary Surgeon.

Having made the Diseases of Horses a special study, is now devoting attention to their cure. He has had marked success in treating staggers, affections of the lungs, lock jaw, etc. He also treats all Domestic Animals.

Examinations at his office on Main street, Elizabeth City, N. C., FREE OF CHARGE

F. H. ZIEGLER & BRO,

Successors to John H Ziegler,

Dealers in all Kinds of

Undertakers' Supplies,

From the Cheapest to the Best. All telegrams promptly attended to.

CRAPES AND COOLING BOARDS

when desired. The finest Hearse in this section. Rosewood, Walnut, Cloth covered and Metalic Caskets a specialty The old stand on Ehringhaus Street.

All kinds of Cabinet Work done.

The North Carolinian

Published Every Thursday.

For terms and advertising rates see first page.

Communications relative to and of interest in the Albemarle District solicited from all quarters.

EX-SPEAKER REED'S RETIREMENT.

With Mr. Reed's retirement from the House that body loses the most important personality that has been of it for twenty years. In every way, it may be doubted if a man of greater power has ever been a member of the House. To intellectual parts of the highest order Mr. Reed united the highest moral courage and integrity. It has been said that two of the greatest achievements since the war were the resumption of specie payments, under John Sherman, and the conferring upon the majority of the House of Representatives the power to legislate by Thomas B. Reed. When a Republican House, with a slender majority, came into power, on the election of General Harrison, Mr. Reed became Speaker. The tendency of the rule of preceeding houses had been to put the control of the House into the hands of a half dozen filibusters and enough members to demand a roll call. By not answering to their names when present members broke a quorum. Mr. Reed made a quorum by counting the silent members present. It created an angry protest, but the succeeding Democratic Houses counted quorums. The rules, as he made them, stopped filibustering by giving the Speaker power to decide when motions were designed to waste time. His rules made it possible for the majority of the House to consider the measures which that majority deemed the most important.

CONSERVATIVE AND SENSIBLE.

At the recent Foreign Mission Colored Baptist Convention held at Baltimore, the President, Rev. C. S. Brown, of Winton, this State, in his annual address, among other pertinent things, referred to the race question. As he always does, he spoke in words of truth and soberness. Said he in relation to the lynching and other outrages:

"We should not condone the wrong or support lawlessness. Let us condemn rape and rapists, lynching and lynchers.

A general revolt means general extermination. We have courage, but we have no resources. The thing to do is to sustain the closest relations possible with the enlightened Christian white citizenship of this country and secure by all honorable means their fullest co-operation in our struggle to rise."

We have known Mr. Brown a good many years and his advice to his race has always been conservative and sensible.

THE SITUATION CHANGED.

It was the business depression resulting from the Democratic panic of 1893 which created the conditions in the West which gave the Democracy several States in the Mississippi Valley and on the Pacific slope in 1896. Republican prosperity has ensued since then, and the entire situation changed. This is why the reports of business activity and general prosperity throughout the West, which come from Democrats and Republicans alike, have a disheartening effect on the Democratic leaders. It means a sweeping victory for the Republican party in 1900.

The Free Trader is a nimble insect. He formerly told us that if you have a Protective Tariff "you can't sell to foreign countries." He now says: "The fact that we are selling so many manufactured goods abroad proves that we do not need a Protective Tariff." Some Circus ought to have this contortionist.

In a recent speech Gov. Roosevelt said in referring to the Philippines: "We can't shirk our duty. We are there. You can't run away unless you make every man in the civil war and whose ancestor was a pioneer ashamed to claim kinship with us. Morally, we can't run away."

A postal card voting contest conducted by the New England Farmer gives an overwhelming majority against the proposition: "Should the United States withdraw from the Philippines?" The spirit of surrender is hard to find when it comes to an actual count.

Gen. Wheeler says the Philippines are not unhealthy, that the country is better for compaigning than he supposed, and that Otis will make rapid progress when re-enforced.

A Chicago minister preached a long sermon on Wheat the other Sunday. Many of the congregation were purposely tardy in order to get the short end of the deal.

There are three Japanese here looking into the raising of tobacco. They will learn as far as possible all about the weed.

The fight for Republicanism is essentially the wage-earner's battle. Alas for him if he deserts his own cause.

THE McKINLEY POLICY.

It is American first, last and all the time. It never halts, never hesitates, whether the question be the defense of American industries or the defense of American dignity. McKinleyism and Americanism are synonymous terms. The one involves the other. Listen to what he said in a recent address:

The flag symbolizes our purposes and aspirations; it represents what we mean to maintain, and what ever it floats it is the flag of the free, the hope of the oppressed; and wherever it is assailed, at any sacrifice it will be carried to a triumphant peace.

The utterance was greeted with ringing cheers. Its lofty purport appeared instantly to the intelligent minds to which it was addressed. It appeals to every true American throughout a country consecrated to freedom and progress. It ought to make the small cotere of "fire-in-the-rear" anti Americans feel very small.

The War Department has discontinued recruiting colored soldiers at Fort McPherson for the reason that every one of the colored regiments in the regular service is full, and so far no orders have been given for the formation of any colored volunteer regiments.

The Western farmers are too busy marketing their products at Republican prices to care to hear about the "crime of '73" this fall. Republican administration has changed lowprices into prosperity, and they don't want to change back.

No one supposed when we bought Alaska that any section of the territory would be good for sheep ranches. But recent reports to the Agricultural Department are especially interesting to wool growers.

Gen. Merritt remarks that if independence were granted the Philippines "anarchy would as certainly follow such a step as the day follows the night." A native republic at this time is a foolish dream of visionaries.

Every true American will loyally support the Administration in sternly repressing armed and organized assaults on the American flag. The final disposition of the Philippine rests with Congress, but until Congress acts order must be maintained.

Judging from the number of dinners to which Admiral Dewey has been invited, there seems to be an impression abroad that, in addition to having the wisdom of a Solon and the courage of a Leonidas, he also possesses the digestion of an ostrich.

LITERARY NOTICES.

Four articles in the September Eclectic would be sufficient to repay the purchaser of the number, if it contained nothing else. These are Richard Bagot's trenchant discussion of the question, "Will England Become Catholic?" Edouard Rod's review of Emile Zola as a Moralist, Madame Damesteter's account of the Social Novel in France and Dr. Arabella Kenealy's vigorous and brilliant rejoiner to Mrs. Chant on "Woman as an Athelete." But there are other articles scarcely less noteworthy, among them Sir John Jardine's description of the Indian Civil Tervice as a Model for the Philippines; a paper on Thomas Hood with some fresh letters; a clever story of life in India, entitled "The Gospel of the Air-Ball"; one of Phil Robinson's pleasant out-of-door papers; and an entertaining account of London Doctors and their Work. There are a number of shorter essays, sketches and poems, and the usual Readings from new books and notes on Books and Authors.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

WASHINGTON LETTER.

(From our Regular Correspondent.)

Washington, D. C., Sep. 1, 1899.

As a precautionary measure several warships have been ordered to Santo Domingo to protect American interests, if it becomes necessary, during the revolution on the island. There is no foundation for the rumors alleging an intention on the part of this government to interfere. So long as the parties to the revolution respect the rights of Americans, there is no likelihood of interferance.

Senator Pritchard was in Washington this week. He said of affairs in his State: "The people of North Carolina are in better shape today than they have been in many years. The administration of President McKinley is well liked among Republicans. I do not think there is the slightest doubt of his renomination or re-election. The Democrats will name Mr. Bryan, who is weaker by far now than he was in 1896, and whose weakness will be practically demonstrated at the polls in 1900."

Col. Joseph C. Sanger, Inspector General, U. S. A., who has charge of the Cuban census, has been ordered by Secretary Root to take census of Porto Rico, at the same time, using the same schedules and blanks for both islands. There will be no connection between the two, however, as Porto Rico is our own property, while Cuba is to be turned over to the Cubans as soon as it can safely be done. The Cuban census will be followed by elections for local officers, and the same course is likely to be taken in Porto Rico, although the latter will probably be deferred until Congress decides upon the form of local government that will be given the island. President McKinley desires that Porto Rico shall have home rule, in the broadest sense, and Congress is likely to adopt what he recommends.

Ex-Senator Squire, of the State of Washington, is an ardent expansionist. He said: "I am an expansionist. I wouldn't be happy without it. The gold in Alaska and other mineral, as well as the wealth of lumber, have given that country a great impetus, and the United States is benefited thereby. I believe that under the wise control and guardianship of the United States, the Philippines would expand and grow and flourish wonderfully, as well as Hawaii and our other possessions."

Senator Elkins, of West Virginia, who was in Washington this week, is confident of the early ending of the Filipino revolt. He said: "I make the prediction that the insurrection will be abandoned by January. I am confident of this. The Filipinos who are in rebellion will be crushed and will make no more trouble. The campaign is to be waged relentlessly after the middle of October."

Mr. John R. McLean's object in getting the Democratic nomination for Governor of Ohio, when he knew that he had not the slightest chance of election, is no longer a puzzle. It is not the second place on the ticket with Bryan that he is after, although he will take that if he could get it. His real object is to try and sneak into the Senate by attempting to carry the legislature by trading votes for governor for votes for members of the legislature. He knows that he cannot be elected governor, and his scheme is to concentrate his shrewdest workers into a sufficient number of close legislative districts and try and work the trading game, giving Democratic votes for Nash in exchange for Republican votes for McLean's legislative candidates. It is an old game, but now that his intentions are known it will have no chance of success.

The great and general prosperity of the country is shown by the extraordinary demands, at this season of the year, from all sections of the country, for fractional currency, which is a sure indication of great business activity. Speaking of this an official of the Treasury said: "Usually the demand for this currency doesn't begin until well in the Fall, but this year orders for large quantities have been coming in all during August. The amount of orders received by the Treasury has averaged more than $80,000 a day for several weeks, and the indications point to an increase."

Brave Men Fall

Victims to stomach, liver and kidney troubles as well as women, and all feel the results in loss of appetite, poisons in the blood, backache, nervousness, headache and tired, listless run-down feeling. But there is no need to feel like that. Listen to J. W. Gardner, Idaville, Ind. He says: "Electric Bitters are just the thing for a man when he is all run down, and don't care whether he libes or dies. It did more to give me appetite than anything I could take. I can now eat anything and have a new lease on life." Only 50c at Wadsworth's drug store. Every bottle guaranteed.

THE TOLEDO WEEKLY BLADE.

PRESIDENTIAL CAMPAIGN YEAR.

The Toledo Weekly Blade has an enormous circulation at all times. The year of a presidential campaign, however, it is regularly read by near two million people. Not only Republicans, but people of all classes, in every section of the United States read it for political information. For thirty years it has been a regular visitor in every part of the Union and is well known in almost every one of the 70,000 postoffices in the country. It is edited with reference to a national circulation and people of all politics take it, because of its honesty and fairness in the discussion of all public questions. It is the favorite family paper, with something for every member of the household. Serial stories, poetry, wit and humor; the Household department (best in the world). Young Folks, Sunday School Lessons, the Farmstead, the Question Bureau (which answers questions to subscribers), the News of the Week in complete form, and other special features. Specimen copies copies gladly sent on application; and if you will send us a list of addresses, we will mail a copy to each. Only $1 a year. If you wish to raise a club write for terms. Address

THE BLADE, Toledo, Ohio.

DEMOCRACY AND WANT.

The Following Few Pointed Paragraphs Tell the Tale. Where are You at?

Democracy and an empty Treasury.

Republicanism a full one.

Democracy, no gold in the Treasury.

Republicanism, the Treasury overflowing with gotd.

Democracy, imports exceed exports.

Republicanism, exports exceed imports.

Democracy, factories closed.

Republicanism, industries in full blast.

Democracy, wages reduced and idle labor.

Republicanism, wages increased and labor employed.

Democracy, low prices, or no market for the farmer,

Republicanism, good prices and a ready market.

Democracy, the noise of the hungry throng at the soup house.

Republicanism, the sound of the wheels of industry and the moving busy throng.

Democracy, idleness, want and misery.

Republicanism, employment, prosperity and happiness.

Voter, look at the past, and see if it hasn't been as above stated. Did this all happen by chance? Do you think as an honest man, there should be any doubt as to where you should place your ballot?

Their Business Booming.

Probably no one thing has caused such a general revival of trade at A. Wadsworth's drug store as his giving away to his many customers of so many free trial bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. His trade is simply enormous in this very valuable remedy, from the fact that it always cures and never disappoints. Coughs, colds, Asthma, bronchitis, croup and all throat and lung diseases are quickly cured. You can test it before before buying by getting a trial bottle free; large size 50c and $1.00. Every bottle guaranteed.

Figures Compared.

The Democrats have been gloating over some figures which a Democratic legislative committee has paraded as fusion extravagance in the management of the Agricultural department. The State Journal compares the fusion extravagance with former Democratic extravagance.

FUSION.

Selecting carpets, inspecting etc.,	$ 18,00
Preparing legislative report	
J. C. L. Harris,	150,00
Att'y fees, guano cases	2,000,00
Total	$2168,00

Compare the following extravagance by the

DEMOCRATS.

Expenses at World's Fair	$13,600,00
" Atlanta Exposition	9000,00
Cost of heating plant	7000,00
Carriage drive to A. & M. College	10,00
Per diem and mileage to D. A. Thompkins (The last item for a board meeting which adjourned before he reached the city.)	21,00
Total	$29,631,00

These figures are on record, were made by Democrats. Why investigate and not the other if it is done for the State? If done as a party measure then it may be in order to examine only one side.

The Journal courts an investigation of the office of Secretary of State—investigation of both sides.

Why not do this since Democrats talked of impeaching Cy Thompson?

KIDNEY TROUBLE Is a deceptive disease—thousand have it and don't know it. If you want quick results you can make no mistake by using Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy. At druggists in fifty cent and dollar sizes. Sample bottle by mail free, also pamphlet telling you how to find out if you have kidney trouble. Address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y.

The Tone of Oxford University.

The atmosphere of culture which pervades every part of the university is the truest cause of Oxford's greatness. Dull indeed must the student be who is not touched and deeply influenced by this great force during his university life. It strikes the foreigner immediately. The first evidence of it comes perhaps in the course of the first conversation in a student's room, at which he happens to be present. He will not fail to notice the correctness of expression, and usually the vigor and freshness of thought, which are the salient characteristics of the conversation of the best Oxford men. Of course there are exceptions. There are frequent examples of the literary dude in Oxford as well as anywhere else of the man who sacrifices all pretense to sincerity and soundness to a momentary and half cheap, epigrammatic brilliancy of expression. But this is not true of the average Oxford man.—Harvard Bulletin.

The Coming of Baby

brings joy or pain. It's for the mother to decide. With good health and a strong womanly organism, motherhood but adds to a woman's attractiveness.

McELREE'S

Wine of Cardui

takes away all terrors by strengthening the vital organs. It fits a mother for baby's coming. By revitalizing the nerve centres it has brought chubby, crowing youngsters to thousands of weak women who feared they were barren. It purifies, heals, regulates and strengthens, and is good for all women at all times. No druggist would be without it. $1 00

For advice in cases requiring special directions, address, giving symptoms, "The Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

MRS. LOUISA HALE, of Jefferson, Ga., says:—"When I first took Wine of Cardui we had been married three years, but could not have any children. Nine months later I had a fine girl baby."

Lake Drummond Canal
OPENED.

The Lake Drummond Canal and Water Co., wish to give notice that the Old Dismal Swamp Canal route between Norfolk and Elizabeth City is now open for business, and that a tug boat will leave every other day except Sunday, commencing August 28th, making trips as follows: Leave Norfolk Monday, Wednesday and Friday, returning leave Elizabeth City Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.

The Canal Co. insures nine feet of water at present time between the locks, and in a few weeks they will have ten feet of water in the canal. The company has dredged fifteen feet in depth for a distance of three thousand feet below the lock at Deep Creek. They have also made deep water below South Mills lock, in the waters of the Pasquotank River. The Canal Company has dredged the old Turner's Cut to the depth of ten feet at low water. Thus far the Canal Company can insure a sufficient depth of water.

The Canal Company would not at present guarantee a safe passage between Norfolk and Elizabeth City for boats drawing more than seven and a half feet of water, as the Pasquotank has one shoal place, and Deep Creek at low water has not more than seven and a half feet at the present time.

The government has appropriated money to deepen and widen Deep Creek, and also to deepen and straighten the waterway of the Pasquotank River. This work is to commence at once. The company in the mean time intend to improve and widen the canal, and in the near future the Canal Company believes that that they will have a canal and waterway between the points named that cannot be excelled in this country.

J. S. SANFORD, V. P.

Information can be had at the office of A. M. Marshall Tug Boat Office Campbell's Wharf, Norfolk, Va.

Information as to where to leave or receive freights, and of the boat's landing place can be had a Hathaway Bro.'s corner of Main and Water, streets, Elizabeth City, N. C.

Leaders of Low Prices.

We believe in doing FIAR SQUARE things to everybody; no better rule than this. It is the principal

THAT FLOATS FROM THE FLAG-STAFF of our business; the principle that is interwoven through every thread of our business fabric, its the principle that wins. We will take our chances for reward on our fidelity to this rule and rock bottom prices to all. Wholesale and Retail, Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Shoes, Oil Clothing, Gum Boots Notions &c., &c.

J. A. Hooper & Co.,

THE LOW PRICE STORE,

NEXT DOOR TO MELICK'S

No Cure For Seasickness.

Notice should be taken of the efforts which have from time to time been made by the marine architect to mitigate the miseries of seasickness. He has doubled his ship, he has slung his ship as in a cradle. To no purpose. The life of the channel steward remains an arduous one. Seasickness is not to be conquered by the shipwright. If it was merely the rolling motion that creates nausea, then a hammock or a cot would be as sure a relief as a twin ship or a cradle hung saloon. Seasickness is caused by the several motions of the sea combined, and the worst of these movements the builder cannot possibly deal with—I mean the trough into which the ship falls, and the liquid acclivity to whose frothing head she leaps.—Clark Russell in Pall Mall Gazette.

Working Night and Day,

The busiest and mightiest little thing that ever was made is Dr. King's New Life Pills. Every pill is a sugar-coated globule of health that changes weakness into strength, listlessness into energy, brain-fag into mental power. They are wonderful in building up the health. Only 25c per box. Sold by Wadsworth.

DON'T TRY TO MAKE MONEY BUT WATCH OTHERS DO IT, AND DREAM ABOUT IT YOURSELF.

Have you $25 to invest?
Will you invest it?
If you have and will, write us for full particulars.
Fortunes are made from small capital in speculation in stock and grain.
Now is the time to make money.
Write us for particulars or for any information on the market. References furnished.
Address
SOUTHERN INVESTMENT CO.
Marine Bank Building, Baltimore, Md.

U. S. COMMISSION OF FISH and Fisheries, Washington, D. C. September 8, 1899.—Sealed proposals marked "Proposals for a Superintendent's Dwelling, Edenton, N. C.," addressed "United States Commissioner of Fish and Fisheries, Washington, D. C." will be received at this office until 12 o'clock noon of September 18, 1899, at which time they will be opened in the presence of attending bidders, for the construction of a Superintendent's Dwelling on the property of the United States Fish Commission, near Edenton, Chowan County, N. C. The right is reserved to reject any or all bids, and to waive technical defects. Specifications, plans, blank proposals, and full information will be furnished on application to the United States Fish Commission, Washington, D. C., or to the Superintendent, U. S. Fish Commission Station at Edenton, N. C.

GEO. M. BOWERS, Commissioner.

NORTH CAROLINA, Pasquotank County.

John Q. A. Wood, admist'r of Mary J. White, plaintiff, vs. John A. Lowe, Noah Brite, Mary Brite, Geo. H. Lowe and Zenas White, defend'ts } Order of Sale.

By virtue of a decree of the Superior Court of Pasquotank County, made in the cause of John Q. A. Wood, Administrator of Mary J. White, plaintiff, against John A. Lowe and others, defendants, I shall offer for sale at the court house door in Pasquotank county, on Monday, September 18th, 1899, at 12, M., the following described land to-wit:

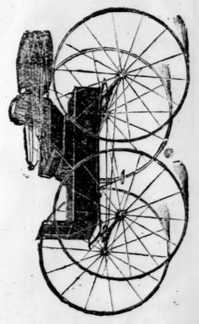
A certain tract of land situated in Mount Hermon Township in Pasquotank County and bounded on the North by the lands of Joshua Lowe tract owned by Elisha Harris and the Main Road going from Mount Hermon to Elizabeth City, on the East by the lands of Mrs. Ann Jane Harris, on the South by the lands of Elihu Only and on the West by the lands of Zion H. Berry, containining 32 acres, more or less, to make assets to pay the debts of the estate of Mary J. White.

Terms of sale: One-half cash and the balance in six months, with interest on deferred payments at six per cent. with privilege to purchaser to pay all cash.

J. Q. A. WOOD, Adm'r.

Aug. 16th, 1899.

The Elizabeth City BUGGY COMPANY,



Manufacturers of and Dealers in all kinds of *Riding Vehicles,*

Also dealers in Buggy Harness, Whips, and Lap Robes.

Repair Work a Specialty.

76 & 78 Poindexter St.,

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

CANDY CATHARTIC Cascarets CURE CONSTIPATION

REGULATE THE LIVER

10¢ 25¢ 50¢ ALL DRUGGISTS

CANDY CATHARTIC

.....CASCARETS taste good. Eat them like candy. They remove any bad taste in the mouth, leaving the breath sweet and perfumed. It is a real pleasure to take them instead of nauseating liquids or cannon-ball pills.

PURELY VEGETABLE

never before put together in any form.

.....CASCARETS are purely vegetable and contain no mercurial or other mineral. They are made of the latest remedies discovered and are a scientific combination of

ANTISEPTIC LAXATIVE

.....CASCARETS are antiseptic. That means they stop undigested food from souring in the stomach, prevent fermentation in the bowels and kill disease germs of any kind that breed and feed in the system.

LIVER STIMULANT

their action easy and natural.

.....CASCARETS tone the stomach and bowels and stimulate the lazy liver, making it work. They strengthen the bowels and put them into vigorous, healthy condition, making

.....CASCARETS increase the flow of milk in nursing mothers. A infant eating by the mother makes her milk mildly purgative and has a mild but certain effect on the baby, the only safe laxative for the babe-in-arms.

BOON FOR MOTHERS

.....CASCARETS are relished by the children. They taste good and do good. Sour stomach and bad breath, sick headache and colic, coated tongue and cramps, and kill and drive off worms, and all kinds of parasites that live in the bowels of the growing child.

PLEASE THE CHILDREN

.....CASCARETS, taken patiently, persistently, are guaranteed to cure any case of constipation, no matter how old and obstinate, or purchase money will be cheerfully refunded by your own druggist.

CURE GUARANTEED

.....CASCARETS are sold by all druggists for 10c, 25c, 50c a box, according to size. A 10c box will prove their merit and put you on the right road to perfect and permanent health. Don't risk delay.

HEALTH FOR 10 CENTS

Don't judge CASCARETS by other medicines you have tried. They are new, unlike anything else that's sold, and infinitely superior.

CCC The only genuine. Beware of imitations!

Try a 10c box to-day, if not pleased get your money back! Larger boxes, 25c or 50c. Sample and booklet mailed free. Address

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NO-TO-BAC cures Tobacco Habit or money strong. Sold and guaranteed by

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Board, Laundry, Full Literary tuition and Library fee $132.00 for the entire scholastic year. To those applying in time the above charge may be reduced to $112.00 by one hour's work per day in Industrial Department.

The 17th Annual Session begins Sept. 20, '99. For catalogues address

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Chapel Hill, N. C.

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Will open its 22nd Annual Session on SEPTEMBER 18th, 1899.

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FIVE COURSES OF STUDY.

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Diplomas and Certificates granted upon completion of the above courses. Students having certificates in the College Preparatory Course are admitted to the University of North Carolina, Wake Forest and Trinity College without examinations.

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Course in Short-hand and Book-keeping compares favorably with that of the best Business Colleges.

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Elizabeth City, N. C.

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OFFERS TO YOUNG WOMEN thorough literary, classical, scientific and industrial education and special pedagogical training. Annual expenses $90 to $130; for non-residents of the State $150. Faculty of 30 members. More than 400 regular students. Has matriculated about 1,700 students, representing every county in the State except one. Practice and Observation School of about 250 pupils. To secure board in dormitories; all free-tuition applications should be made before August 1. Correspondence invited from those desiring trained teachers. For catalogue and other information address

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Greensboro, N. C.

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of all sizes, always in stock For sale at the mills of

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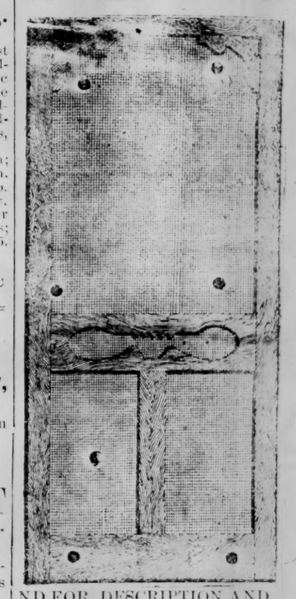

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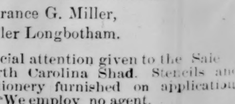
Kramer Bros & Co.

MANUFACTURERS,

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

WILLIS H. ROGERS.

Wholesale Commission



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North Carolina Shad a Specialty. Stencils furnished at a moment's notice

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Etc., Etc:

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Established 1841

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Commission Fish Dealers.

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We employ no agent.

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Many people differ as to the best way to ride a Bicycle, though all admit the CRAWFORD is the best Bicycle to ride. Its many points pronounce it the most desirable wheel on the market. Call and examine its merits and don't miss

Your Chance

to get a good wheel at less than half price. We have several second hand wheels in good condition at from $10 to $15; come at once before the best are sold.

Hathaway Bros.

The Jewelers,
Water Street,
Elizabeth City, N. C.

DIRECTORY.

THE CITY.

Mayor, T. R. Wilson; Aldermen: M. N. Sawyer, 1st Commissioner; J. L. Sawyer, J. B. Flora, B. F. Culpepper, W. H. Weatherly and Bryant Freeman; Police, Lon Connelly, R. A. Commander; Sam'l J. F. Ferebee, Chief of Police, W. C. Morris and A. C. Bell and P. H. Ives as Assistants; Attorney, S. S. Ehringhaus; Street Commissioner, Wesley Fitts; Fire Commissioners, A. K. Kramer and Dr. Ayden Health Officer.

Collector of Customs—Paterson Johnson.

Postmaster—Elizabeth C. Pool.

Examining Surgeons of Pensions—Drs. J. Wood, W. W. Griggs and W. J. Lumsden—meet on the 1st and 3d Wednesdays of each month at the corner of Road and Church Sts.

CHURCHES.

Methodists, R. C. Beaman pastor; Baptist, W. S. Perry, pastor; Episcopal, L. L. Williams, rector; Presbyterian, J. H. Johnston, pastor; Roman Episcopal, Guardian Bishop. Preaching 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. each Sunday. Sunday School at 3 p. m. Prayer meetings Tuesday nights. C. F. Hunter, pastor.

Church of Christ, M. Pittman pastor, services in the Hall every Sunday morning and night.

Colored—Methodist, W. L. Clayton, pastor; Cross Stone, Z. H. Perry, pastor; Olive Branch, Lake Pierce, pastor; St. Philip, W. J. Heritage pastor; Shiloh, W. Arterbridge pastor; Antioch, Presbyterian, P. Smith, pastor.

LODGES.

Masonic—Pasquotank Lodge No. 317, Geo. W. Brothers, W. M.; Dr. A. B. Grigg, S. W.; Dr. A. L. Pendleton, J. W.; T. B. Wilson, S. D.; C. W. Grice, J. D.; A. Spence, Tyler; D. B. Bradford, Secretary; P. H. Ives, Chaplain; A. A. Hooper and J. Jennings, Ward; E. J. Shepherd, Tiler. Meets 1st and 3d Tuesday nights.

Odd Fellows—Achoree Lodge No. 14; Clay Forcum, N. G.; W. H. Zoeller, V. G.; H. O. Hill, Sec'y; G. W. Twiddy, Treasurer.

Tanda Encampment No. 8; D. M. Simons, C. P.; H. Good, H. P.; N. Garrett, S. W.; J. P. Simpson, J. W.; H. O. Hill, Scribe; G. W. Twiddy, Treas.

Royal Arcanum, Fiber Creek Council No. 1209—H. O. Hill, Regent; D. A. Morgan, Vice Regent; C. Gunkin, Orator; W. H. Zoeller, Secretary; J. M. Cox, Collector; W. J. Woodley, Treasurer. Meets every 1st and 3d Monday nights.

Knights of Honor; R. B. White, Dictator; J. H. Engle, Vice Dictator; F. J. Jordan, Reporter; F. B. Wilson, Finance Reporter; W. J. Trafton, Treasurer. Meets 1st and 4th Friday.

Pasquotank Tribe No. 8, I. O. R. M.; W. H. Sanford, Prophet; Will Anderson, Sachem; R. C. Lamb, Senior Sagamore; Luther Holloman, C. of R.; S. H. Morrell, K. of W.; J. P. Simpson, K. of W. Meet every Wednesday night.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Commissioners: Geo. M. Scott, chairman; S. N. Morgan, Elisha Lister; Standard Keeper, W. D. Williams.

Sheriff, Nathan G. Grandy; Superior Court Clerk, W. Hamey Jennette; Register of Deeds, M. B. Culpepper; Treasurer, W. A. Foster; Supervisor of Roads; Board of Education: John D. Fullalove, Newton A. Jones and John T. Davis.

SCHOOLS.

Public School, W. M. Hinton, Principal.

Atlantic Collegiate Institute, S. L. Sheep, Prest.

Select School, I. N. Isbell, Principal.

State Colored Normal, P. W. Moore, Principal.

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E. F. MARTIN, D. D. S., Elizabeth City, N. C., offers his professional services to the public in all the branches of DENTISTRY. Can be found at all times.

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KEATON'S HOTEL, W. H. KEATON, Prop., Main Street, Near Water, Elizabeth City, N. C.

Good Table, Clean Beds, Polite Attention. Board by the day week or month.

TERMS REASONABLE.

N.G Grandy&CO, BROKERS, Agents for Woldrige's High Class FERTILIZERS.

We also keep COTTON SEED MEAL and HULLS, the finest feed in the world for producing milk and fattening poor cattle. We ask a trial. REFERENCES: Guirkin & Co., bankers, Hughes & pritchard, J. B. Flora & Co., Robinson & Co., Elizabeth City N. C.

The North Carolinian.

Thursday, Sept. 7, 1899.

☞ Fall is here.

☞ The oyster season has opened.

☞ The Nag's Head Hotel has closed for the season.

☞ Farmers who had not saved fodder before the storm have but little left to gather.

☞ The crops in this section, excepting the late planted corn, were not very badly damaged.

☞ Vessels, large and small, are now regularly passing through the Dismal Swamp Canal.

☞ Judge Starbuck held Court at Currituck this week. He will hold Camden Court next week.

☞ See advertisement for sealed proposal for a dwelling for the Superintendent of U. S. Fishery at Edenton.

☞ See new advertisement of the Standard Pharmacy. Pure Drugs and Prescriptions carefully compounded.

☞ The Jackson Road is to be dedicated to the public to-day. There will be music, speeches, songs and a grand barbacue.

☞ The steamer Ocracoke has been placed on the line between Elizabeth City and Newern during the absence of the Neuse.

☞ Monday the 4thwas Labor Day. Like Memorial and Thanksgiving Days it has been set apart as a National holiday. It was observed in many parts of the Union.

☞ Governor Russell has appointed M. B. Culpepper, of Elizabeth City, and J. S. Wilcox, of Salem, magistrates to fill vacancies occurring by the failure of magistrates elected to qualify.

☞ Mr William Small, of Elizabeth City, and Miss Florence Dough, of Manteo, were united in wedlock at the home of the bride on the 30th ult. Rev. Paul Spence, of Elizabeth City performed the ceremony.

☞ The indications are that the oyster industry will open up here this season on an extensive scale. Mr. C. H. Robinson has nearly completed buildings across the river on Goat Island, with capacity for a large business.

☞ The National Encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic is being held at Philadelphia this week. The following from Elizabeth City: Messrs T. T. Whitcomb, P. S. Shipp, W. H. Keaton, J. F. Sanders, Horatio Heath, Brad Sanders and Capt. Samuel Waters attended.

☞ Monday was the Jewish New Year, which in their calendar is called Rosh Hoshonah. It was celebrated by Hebrews the world over. On the 14th inst another great day in the Israelitist calendar will take place, called Yom Kipper, or the Day of Atonement.

☞ The City Aldermen are about to tackle Poindexter street. They now have the money and are in financial condition to do so. After inquiry and investigation, they have decided to adopt the Belgian Block system. It will be durable and in the end economical. The purpose is to have the work finished by December.

☞ We acknowledge a call from J. H. M. Butler, A. M., Register and Principal of the Primary Department of the Agricultural and Mechanical College for the Colored Race at Greensboro. He is also managing editor of the A. & M. College Register. A native of Elizabeth City and a young man of culture and ability, we have felt an interest in his rise and progress. He is a believer in and earnest advocate of the INDUSTRIAL education of his race, and the leading object of the Institution with which he is connected is instruction in practical agriculture, the mechanic arts and such branches of learning as relates thereto.

☞ Hon. Theo. White, Commodore, and Captain J. W. Dudley, Master of the steamer "Lilly," called on Saturday and paid their respects. They gave us a couple of hours of entertaining chat. We never saw the Commodore looking so well and apparently feeling so good. The Democratic attempt to remove him from the office he so creditably fills proved an ignominious failure. The Lilly is here at Willey's Ship yard undergoing repairs and cleaning up to fit her for active service.

☞ While iron is booming, lumber has not been idle. Said a prominent Lumber man the other day:

The outlook in the lumber business is much the same as that of every business in that it is rosy. The situation is much the same as in iron and steel, there being a lack of raw material. The demand for lumber usually follows directly the demand for iron and steel, and they maintain a relative position, and as the demand for one increases or decreases the other follows it.

☞ The man who always looks before he leaps seldom leaps.

☞ Attention is called to the Southern Investment Company in another column.

☞ Only first class people can hold the respect and admiration of second class friends.

☞ It's faith in something and enthusiasm for something that makes a life worth looking at.

☞ The man who finds his level is sure to succeed. If he gets too high or too low he is bound to fail.

☞ There are times when a man would be appreciated more if he wo'ld keep his mouth shut and let his money talk.

☞ The art of being able to make a good use of moderate abilities wins esteem and often confers more reputation than greater real merit.

☞ Pleasure is very seldom found where it is sought. Our brightest blazes of gladness are commonly kindled by unexpected sparks.

☞ That is not the best sermon that makes the hearers go away talking to one another and praising the preacher, but that which makes them go away thoughtful and serious.

☞ Police feelings in a certain town have been wounded by the Mayor vetoing a dog license, saying, "I depend on the dogs of this town to spread the alarm if anything goes wrong at night."

CASTORIA. Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

☞ Speaking of the business outlook, Dun's Review says:

August failures are smaller in number than any for more than six years, excepting May and June of this year. But if the failures are few in volume, solvent business was heavy. August clearings were 24 per cent larger than last year.

☞ "Now, Sammy," began the teacher, "I want you to tell me in which battle Lord Nelson was killed?" Little Sammy was in despair, but he must prove himself equal to the emergency. "Did you say Lord Nelson?" he asked cautiously. "Yes." "Which battle?" "Yes In which battle was he killed?" "Well," said Sammy with apparent surprise at such an easy question, "I 'spect it must er been his last."

☞ Six years ago the country was just closing the most disastros month it had known for many years. It was all the harder to bear because it followed the year of the greatest general prosperity ever then attained, so that the shrinkage in volume of business done was more than a quarter. This year August closed with over 82 of business done for every dollar transacted in August 1893, and 5 per cent more than in August, 1892, the best of years before the panic. Is any comment needed?

☞ Money to patent good ideas may be secured by our aid. Address THE PATENT RECORD, Baltimore, Md.

☞ FOR RENT: Two front Rooms, second story of the CAROLINIAN Building. Rent reasonable.

A WORD ABOUT BRICK: Everybody needing Brick want a good quality—an article that will wear and last. The Thompson Works manufacture the best for building and all other purposes made in this section. They are well burned and "all right" in every respect. All orders promptly filled. Address F. G Thompson, manager Elizabeth City, NC.

☞ The man who doesn't turn up at Moses Weisel's Gents Furnishing Goods sale is very apt to be turned down by judges of egant styles.

LOCAL MENTION

The sun rose this morning at 5:39 and will set to-night at 6:18.—Mr. John H. Burgess has moved his store from Road street to the room recently occupied by Dawson Bros. on East Main street.—It is a poor epigram that won't work both ways.—Mr. T. L Jarvis has moved with his family to Moyock.—The strongest rule of today may be sadly warped tomorrow.—Miss Narcissus Sawyer is visiting her sister, Mrs. L. F. Zeigler, at Edenton.—Patience is a good thing to have, but it is a wise man who knows when not to use it.—We are sorry to learn that the venerable W. C. Mercer is quite ill at his home on Ehringhause street.—It is said that man has organization, but a woman has management.—Saith the Rhymster:

There is one of many reasons
Why summer is best of all,
'Tis the pride of all the seasons
For it goeth before a fall

—Can any one tell how to cure the man who stops at his club too late?—The Norman L. Wagner is undergoing a regular overhauling at Willey's shipyard.—The ignorant are more skeptical than the knowing ones.—Mrs. A. C. Hathaway and little son have returned from a several weeks' pleasant outing.—Nothing takes the courage so completely out of a man as pity.—Mrs. P. Delon and Miss Dela Cartwright are visiting at Richmond, Va.—There is no question about beans being the crying need of humanity.—Miss Fannie Skinner, of Hertford, is visiting Miss Eva Pailin.—"Papa," asked a ten-year-old son, "what is untold wealth?" "That's what a good many people have when the tax lister is present," was the reply.—Mr. W. C. Glover has moved into his new place of business facing Fearing and Poindexter streets. He has a neat and cozy quarters.—A lawsuit is a proper court dress for an attorney.—

"You're all the world to me," he said.
"Be mine?" with glance of mirth
She answered: "No: I never can
Trust such a selfish, greedy man.
I see you want the earth."

He wanted too much.—Mr. J. T McCabe, of the firm of McCabe & Grice, is off after a new stock of merchandize for their mammoth establishment.—Curiosity has a peculiar way of getting the better of discretion.—The steamer McIntyre was sold the other day by the U. S. Marshall. She was purchased by the East Coast Cedar Co. Price $1200.—Another delightful sailing party was enjoyed by a number of ladies and gentlemen on Friday night.—When the judgment is weak the prejudice is strong.—We acknowledge a pleasant social call the other day from Elder S. Hassell, of Williamston. He is editor of "The Gospel Messenger."—An acre of performance is worth the whole world of promise.—Mrs. C. A. Poole, of Norfolk, is in the city visiting her daughter, Mrs. W. H. White, on Ehringhaus steet.—Chance gives us relations, but we must make our own friends.—Observes the Versifier:

A lever rightly set might move the world most any way,
And a crank's a kind of lever, the enthusiast will say,
But the crank too oft is handled by some man of rugged mind
Who merely keeps it busy when he has some axe to grind.

True as preaching.—An industrious man with good sense doesn't have to depend upon luck.—Dr. Morgan, of Suffolk, and Dr. Cogswell, of Kitty Hawk, were in the city on Thursday.—The lender frequently finds that borrowing dulls the edge of memory.—Mrs. Louis Selig is off on a visit to relatives and friends at Norfolk.—The following instance of midnight civilities is reported: A man who snores with his mouth open was nudged by his wife saying, "you'd make less noise if you'd keep your mouth shut." Half awake he repled, "So would you."—Mr. P. DeLon has purchased a lot on the corner of Baxter and Seldon streets, on which he is about to build a handsome residence.—Miss Mae Wilson is spending her vacation at Norfolk.—Use lime freely in your back lots and thus prevent disease.—Little things trouble us, and little things console us.—On the 31st ult., by Ry Rev. R. C. Beaman in the parlor of the Central Hotel, Mr. P. P. Walker was married to Miss Mae Weaver, both of Norfolk.—Writes the Poet:

Scatter the germs of the beautiful,
In the depths of the human soul,
They shall bud and bear rich fruitage,
While endless ages roll.

—How many of the furions friendships of the summer resort last over the first frost?—Mr. Geo. F. Derrickson and family, who have been summering at the North, have returned.—Mr. Robert P. Jenkins, who has spent a couple of weeks visiting the family of his grandfather, Dr. P. John, has returned back to Chicago.—The population of Elizabeth City is increasing. Twins appeared at two households on Sunday.—Mr. Willis Gregory left Saturday for New York on business. His Rice and Grist Mills are well under way.—D. O. Newberry esq., of Columbia, was in the City on Monday. He told us that up to the storm the crops in Tyrrel were the most promising for many years, but that now they are nearly ruined.—The days now are warm but the nights are comfortably cool, promotive of refreshing sleep.—Moses Weisel left yesterday for New York to purchase a stock of new goods.—Our townsman Mr. E. H. Kruger, of the East Coast Cedar Company, had his collar bone fractured in a railroad accident at Newark, N. J., one day last week. He is reported as doing as well as could be expected.—Mr. Alex. Wadsworth has returned from Nag's Head very much improved in health.—Remember young man that, sooner or later, "thy sins will find thee out."—The Ladies' Cemetery Society meet at 5 o'lock this afternoon at the residence of Dr. P. John, on Sheppard street.—Work has begun on shelling Martin street. Road street will follow.—Rev. Dr. Edwin Hall, the eloquent platform orator, will deliver a lecture at the Academy of Music to-night. His subject will be "The Fool-Killer."—Mr. A. K. Kramer having resigned as Fire Commissioner, Mr. James Richardson has been elected to fill the vacancy.—Yesterday was the hottest of the season.—Mr. John A. Kramer and family, who vave been spending a couple of months in Michigan are expected to arrive home to-day.

Red Hot From the Gun

Was the ball that hit G. B. Steadman, of Newark, Mich., in the civil, war. It caused horrible ulcers that no treatment helped for 20 years. Then Bucklen's Arnica Salve cured him. Cures cuts, bruises, burns, boils folons, corns, skin eruptions, best pile cure on eath. 25c a box. Cure guaranteed. Sold by Wadsworth, druggist

CASTORIA. Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Tactful Messenger Boy.

"One of the beautiful traits in the make up of Washington messenger boys," said a railroad man who lives in Washington, "is their tactfulness." I think otherwise. They are chock full of and loaded down with tact—with the copper on. To illustrate:

"My wife went over to New York a few weeks ago to attend the bedside of a seriously ill relative, who was not expected to live. This morning I was sitting in my office, wondering why I hadn't got a letter from her by the first mail, when a tousle headed messenger boy joggled open the door.

"'Where'll I find de office o' Mr. ——?' he asked, mentioning my name.

"'Right here, son,' said I. 'You're talking to him.'

"'Well,' said the kid, measuring me up, with the probable expectation that I'd do a stage back fall. 'I've got a death message for you, an they told me at th' office that it was important.'

"Nice, mild, tactful way of putting it, wasn't it? He just left it up to me to wonder, while I was ripping the envelope open, whether the message announced the death of our aged relative or the decease of my wife. It happened to be the former, but I am inclined to believe that that boy would have been just a bit better pleased had it been the latter."—Washington Post.

Standard Pharmacy, COR. ROAD & FEARING STS.

DEALERS IN CHOICE DRUGS, DRUGGISTS' SUPPLIES.

Prescriptions Carefully Compounded by a Registered Pharmacist.

MELICK.

MATTINGS.
Straw and Cotton Warps, the largest stock of New Goods in town. Patterns the Choicest and Prices the Lowest.

CARPETS & OIL CLOTHS
Good Values in stock and the Dobson line of Samples to select from. You have a Philadelphia Stock at your disposal. We will Cut, Match, Make and Lay your carpets.

WINDOW SHADES
to suit you in Color, Style and Price. A very good one made of Oiled Linen with Fringe, on Spring Roller at 25 cents.

WALL PAPER.
Our stock is large and carefully selected. Prices Guaranteed and comparison desired. Samples sent.

FURNITURE.
We are the Oldest Dealers in town. If you do not know what we can do for you come and see.

MELICK, WATER ST.

2 LARGE STORES CONNECTED AND UNDER 1 LIBERAL MANAGEMENT

Our business largely increased, it became necessary to have more room have rented the STORE NEXT TO OUR OLD STAND, in which we are showing a

CHEAP AND LARGE Stock of Clothing, Shoes and Gent's Furnishing Goods, Hats etc. The

OLD STAND

is stocked with a choice and low price line of DRESS GOODS, ETC., LADIES' & CHILDREN'S SHOES MILLINERY, &c. New Goods arriving daily. Come and see them.

Moses Weisel,

Honest Weight and Measure

has brought me success in the Grocery business. Right here let me say that I have purchased the entire interest of my late partner, Mr. Berry, and will continue to fight on the line of

Pure and Fresh Groceries,

and merit your trade by square dealing, pure and fresh goods, polite attention and unselfish profits. I will constantly keep a supply of consisting of

FLOUR, MEAL, HAMS, BACON. MACKEREL, AND

a general supply of Butter, Lard, and Cheese.

Molasses, Syrups, Sugar, Jams and and all Finds of Jellies.

Coffees, Teas, Breakfast Hominy and Sausages in and out of season. It

Is the Best Policy

to always buy the best goods. I also keep Soaps for the Toilet, Kitchen and Laundry; Tobabcco, Snuff, Cigars and, in fact, we keep everything kept in a first-class Grocery for general family use. I buy for CASH and therefore can sell at LOW FIGURES. It will be money saved to trade with me Give a call and be convinced.

C. F. Bliven, MAIN STREET, NEAR WATER

OUR COLORED PEOPLE

BY SPECIAL REPORTER.

[Items of interest concerning the Colored People will regularly appear in this column.]

Mrs. Ida Baker, of Manteo, was in the city Saturday.

J. J. Bogard, of Old Trap, spent several days of last week in the city.

G. W. Sawyer has returned to Philadelphia after a short visit to his parents here.

Prof. Butler made a brief visit to Moyock last week.

Quarterly Conference was held with Mt. Lebanon Church last Friday evening.

Rev. J. H. Wilson returned on Saturday from a stay of several days at Mackey's Ferry.

Mrs. Ida Jones returned yesterday to Norfolk after a few days spent with friends here.

Rev. J. B. Trafton, of Camden, was in the city Monday.

Presiding Elder Winfield, of Edenton, occupied the pulpit of Mount Lebanon Church Sunday evening.

Mrs. Sarah Perry, of Williamston, is visiting friends in our midst.

S. L. Munden, who has been spending a few days with his parents here, returns this week to New York.

Rev. Berry being absent his pulpit at Corner Stone Church was filled Sunday by Rev. S. Hockaday, of Berkley.

Miss S. E. Spruill, of Washington, who has been visiting friends in the city, left Friday for Cresswell.

Mrs. Martha Overton, who has been on a visit to relatives in our city, returned yesterday to her home in Perquimans.

Those who attended the Fair last week at Newbern returned home on Saturday and report a very pleasant trip. The Hook and Ladder Company's Band won merited recognition by its neat appearance and excellent music.

At the residence of Mrs. S. F. Riddick on Monday evening a complimentary reception was tendered Mrs. Mary A. Reid, who will leave this week for New York. Many of her friends were present and helped make the occasion enjoyable.

G. W. Mizell, Dan Sutton and others who have been at Nags Head during the summer, have returned to the city.

The ninth annual session of the Elizabeth City State Normal School opened Monday with very encouraging prospects. There were several new matriculates representing as many different counties, as well as a good local representation. The registration for the first week thus far compares very favorably with previous years and under circumstances may be considered satisfactory.

After three yeas' successful pastorate of Olive Branch Baptist Church of this place, Rev. Luke Pierce, of Windsor, N. C., tendered his resignation as pastor August 26, 1899, to take effect next December. No member of the church expected his resignation. Rev. Pierce is an excellent preacher and an exemplary Christian gentleman whose daily life corresponds with his preaching. The church will lose a good preacher and worthy and experienced pastor.

The State Colored Normal School, OF ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

Offers excellent advantages to the youth of the Colored Race to receive thorough and practical training in the fundamental studies of the English branches. The school aims to educate and train both sexes for teachers. Pedagogics, History of Education, Elements of Psychology, Drawing and Vocal Music are included in the course of instruction. Every teacher should know these branches. Tuition for the regular course is FREE. Board, Fuel, Lights and Room range from $5 to $7 per month. The Fall Term will begin

September 4th, 1899.

Diplomas issued by State Superintendent Mebane will be granted to persons who compiete the course of instruction. By the opening of the session $25 worth of good books will be put into the School Library and some repairs done on the building. Catalogue on application.

P. W. MOORE, A. M., Principal.

New Colored Merchant

When in need of Family Groceries, Confectioneries and Stationery, stop in and examine our New Fresh Stock of goods before making your purchase.

We carrry a nice line of Flour, Meal, Sugar, Coffee, Tea, Meats, Lard, Butter, Eggs, Tobacco, Snuff, Cigars, Cheroots, Candies, Cheese, Crackers, Oil, Soap, Lye, Starch, Soda, Baking Powders, Tinware, Stationery. You would be astonished at our low prices for stationery. Every variety of Paper, Tablets, Pens, and Ink. Our terms are Cash or Barter. I run on the small profit and quick sale system. Give us a trial. Respectfully,

J. W. ROBINSON, No. 175 S. Road St.

☞ Corn, Oats and Country Produce

FOR SALE! 30 BUILDING LOTS FAIRVILLE the OLD FAIR GROUNDS, near the Cotton Factory. Terms and payment made easy. P. JOHN.

Wanted—An Idea Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas; they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their $1,800 prize offer and list of two hundred inventions wanted.

Ripans Tabules: at druggists.
Ripans Tabules cure flatulence.
Ripans Tabules cure bad breath.
Ripans Tabules assist digestion.
Ripans Tabules cure torpid liver.
Ripans Tabules: one gives relief.
Ripans Tabules cure dizziness.
Ripans Tabules: for sour stomach.

900 DROPS CASTORIA

A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of INFANTS / CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed
Alx. Senna
Rochelle Salts
Anise Seed
Peppermint
Bi Carbonate Soda
Worm Seed
Clarified Sugar
Wintergreen Flavor.

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Fac Simile Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. NEW YORK.

At 6 months old 35 DOSES—35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA For Infants and Children. The Kind You Have Always Bought. Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought. CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

THE NORTH CAROLINA COLLEGE OF Agriculture and Mechanic Arts.

Term Begins Wednesday, September 6th

Gives an extraordinary course of instruction at an extraordinary low cost to the student.

It not only educates but prepares its students to become intelligent directors of agricultural and mechanical enterprises.

There are complete special and short courses in the various Agricultural, Industrial, Textile and Civic Arts.

Students will be allowed to stand the entrance examinations at the county-seats of the counties in which they reside, thus saving the expense of a trip to Raleigh.

Entrance examinations will be held on the 15th of August in the court house, under the the supervision of County Superintendent.

For further information, catalogue, etc., apply to

PRESIDENT GEO. T. WINSTON, W. [illegible] N. C.

We do Not Have to Talk a Man to Death

to sell our goods. We buy from first hands in large quantity and receive a fresh supply daily. We make a specialty of Family Groceries and Canned Goods, and pride ourselves on the fact that while the quality is away up in G the prices defy competition. Nothing gives us more pleasure than to show goods, because by thus doing we are sure to secure trade.

Prices and Quality Sell the Goods.

In addition to our already large stock of Groceries, Immense supply of Sugars, Carpets of Flour, and general Wholesale and Retail Supplies, we have recently added Lime, Cement and Builder's Material generally. We can guarantee these goods. Long experience and practical knowledge with the trade has taught us a thing or two and we are ready to convince you. Our

Wholesale Department,

like our Retail Department, is always kept up-to-date. Right here let us say that in the matter of buying we have saved money for others and can do so for you. We know what we are talking about and mean business. Call on us; you'll find us sociable; we have been since we were a boy.

W. J. Woodley, No. 138 and 140 Water Street, Elizabeth City, N. C.

ONE GIVES RELIEF.

Don't Spend a Dollar for Medicine until you have tried

RIPANS TABULES

You can buy them in the paper 5-cent cartons

Ten Tabules for Five Cents.

This sort is put up cheaply to gratify the universal present demand for a low price.

If you don't find this sort of

Ripans Tabules At the Druggist's

Send Five Cents to THE RIPANS CHEMICAL COMPANY, No. 10 Spruce St., New York, and they will be sent to you by mail; or 12 cartons will be mailed for 48 cents. The chances are ten to one that Ripans Tabules are the very medicine you need.

POSITIONS SECURED. May deposit money for tuition in bank till position is secured, or will accept notes. Cheap board. Car fare paid. No vacation. Enter any time. Open for both sexes. Catalogue free. Write to-day.

DRAUGHON'S PRACTICAL BUSINESS Colleges, Nashville, Tenn. Savannah, Ga. $ Galveston, Tex. Texarkana, Tex.

Indorsed by merchants and bankers. By far best patronized business colleges in South. Three months' bookkeeping with us equals six by the old plan. All commercial branches taught. For circulars explaining "Home Study Course," address "Department A," For college catalogue, address "Department

Are You Using Allen's Foot-Ease?
It is the only cure for Swollen, Smarting, Tired, Aching, Burning, Sweating Feet, Corns and Bunions. Ask for Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder to be shaken into the shoes. Sold by all Druggists, Grocers and Shoe Stores, 25c. Sample sent FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

There are 40,000 locomotives in use on American railroads.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.
To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or $1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

Great Britain buys more than 20,000 horses in the United States every year.

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh That Contain Mercury.
as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure to get the genuine. It is taken internally, and is made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free. Sold by Druggists; price, 75c. per bottle.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

William Dean Howells has taken on to golf as a recreation.

To Cure Constipation Forever.
Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c. If C. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

Of 22,261 university students in France only 817 are women.

"You Never Miss the Water Till the Well Runs Dry."

We never realize the value of health until it is gone. When old time strength and vigor are wanting, purify the blood by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla; soon restored appetite, perfect digestion, steady nerves and even temper will prove it is bringing back the glow of perfect health.

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Never Disappoints

Andrew White and Mark Twain.

A new story of Andrew J. White, Ambassador to Berlin, and Mark Twain has just reached this side. The humorist's aversion to the German language is well known. His diatribe against it is a classic. Now Mr. White, while an excellent German scholar, speaks the language with a noticeable accent. The story hinges on those points. It was at a reception, and Mr. White, partly in sport, confined his conversation with the author wholly to German.

"I am glad to see," interrupted the novelist, "that you appreciate German."

"I did until I read your abusive article upon the subject," remarked the Ambassador. "I am now thinking of returning to English."

"How grateful the Germans must be," was the reply.—Philadelphia Post.

A Letter to Mrs. Pinkham Brought Health to Mrs. Archambo.

[LETTER TO MRS. PINKHAM NO. 42,395]

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM—For two years I felt tired and so weak and dizzy that some days I could hardly go around the house. Backache and headache all the time and my food would not digest and had such pains in the womb and troubled with leucorrhœa and kidneys were affected.

"After birth of each child I grew weaker, and hearing so much of the good you had done, I wrote to you and have taken six bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, one box of Lozenges, one box of Liver Pills, one package of Sanative Wash, and today I am feeling as well as I ever did. When I get up in the morning I feel as fresh as I did when a girl and eat and sleep well and do all of my work. If ever I feel weak again shall know where to get my strength. I know your medicine cured me."—MRS. SALINA ARCHAMBO, CHARLEMONT, MASS.

The present Mrs. Pinkham's experience in treating female ills is unparalleled; for years she worked side by side with Mrs. Lydia E. Pinkham, and for sometime past has had sole charge of the correspondence department of her great business, treating by letter as many as a hundred thousand ailing women a year. All women who suffer are invited to write to Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass., for advice, which will be promptly given without charge.

The Small Boy Philosophizes.

"It's a funny world," said the small boy.

"How so?" inquired the man next door.

"Well," said the boy, "you know our folks let on that they were going to the seashore for a week or two? Everybody else in the street had gone somewhere, so there wasn't much risk in saying they were going and then staying home. They couldn't trust me; they knew I'd be out and around the neighborhood giving the snap away, and so they sent me out in the country to Uncle Jim's. When their seaside trip was over they just opened up the front of the house and sent for me to come home. The night after I got there Mr. Bunker came around to call on sister, and they were sitting on the porch and I was in the hammock. Pretty soon Mr. Bunker looks hard at sister and says:

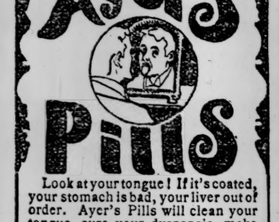
"'What a lovely coat of seaside tan you have, Miss Ethel. Nature evidently laid it on with a charmingly even hand.'

"'Why, blame nature?' I yelled from the hammock. 'Sister laid it on herself with a mucilage brush.'

"You should have heard sister screech! I wouldn't have told on her, but the mean old thing said I couldn't take her bike when I had a busted tire."

"And what was the result?" asked the man next door.

"The result," replied the boy with another deep-drawn sigh, "the result was that I got a tanning that wouldn't wash off."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.



Look at your tongue! If it's coated, your stomach is bad, your liver out of order. Ayer's Pills will clean your tongue, cure your dyspepsia, make your liver right. Easy to take, easy to operate. 25c. All druggists.

Want your moustache or beard a beautiful brown or rich black? Then use
BUCKINGHAM'S DYE for the Whiskers
50 CTS. OF DRUGGISTS, OR R. P. HALL & CO., NASHUA, N. H.

A FARMERS' FEDERATION

Agriculturists Plan to Get Along Without the Middleman.

PURPOSES OF THE NEW TRUST.

The Farmers' Federation of the Mississippi Valley Seeks to Control the Sale of Farm Products—Has a Capitalization of $20,000,000—To Open Headquarters in Several Cities.

TOPEKA, Kan. (Special).—The Farmers' Federation of the Mississippi Valley promises to revolutionize the agricultural business of the country by stepping in as the agent of the producer and protecting him from the extortions of the middleman. The trust also promises to break down the influences which have controlled and fixed the prices of the products of the farm by storing in elevators, granaries and cribs surplus grain and placing only on the market enough to supply the demands. The purpose of the corporation is to "regulate and control the sale and shipment of farm products of all the States and Territories of the Mississippi Valley, and to establish and maintain offices, yards, grain elevators and to appoint and maintain agents and agencies for handling, gathering, reaping, selling and distributing products, and to loan and borrow money and to do a banking business." The places where its business is to be transacted are Topeka, Omaha, Kansas City, St. Louis, Chicago and New Orleans.

The amount of capital stock will be $20,000,000, divided into 2,000,000 shares of $10 each. In addition to the land department provided for in the charter, the by-laws create a bureau of statistics and separate sale departments for grain, live stock, cotton and tobacco. The by-laws also provide that there shall be no rebates to shippers or dividends paid to stockholders, but the surplus earnings of the company shall be held as a reserve fund to finance the bank department, to pay interest on the bonds of the company, and for the purchase of the business and good-will of commission houses. Later on, when this institution shall be bought to a successful issue, the surplus earnings from a commission and from the loans of money by the bank department shall be equally divided between the stockholders and the farmers, who may be the holders of non-transferable bonds of the company.

In order that the business of concentration may be facilitated and the work of emancipation may be speedily accomplished, it is further provided by the by-laws that there may be issued $10,000,000 of five per cent. twenty-year debenture bonds of the company, or so much thereof as may be necessary to purchase the business and good will of the commission houses of Chicago, Kansas City, Omaha, St. Louis and New Orleans. The headquarters of the federation will be at Chicago after January next.

J. R. M'LEAN NOMINATED.

Ohio Democratic Convention Names Him For Governor.

ZANESVILLE, Ohio (Special).—After nominating John R. McLean for Governor and a full ticket the Democratic State Convention adjourned. The ticket is as follows:

Governor, John R. McLean, of Hamilton; Lieutenant-Governor, A. W. Patrick, of Pascarawas; Supreme Judge, De Witt C. Badger, of Madison; Attorney-General, J. W. Doro, of Seneca; Auditor, George W. Sigafoos, of Darke; Treasurer, James I. Gorman, of Lawreuce, and Member of the Board of Public Works, Fletcher D. Mallin, of Lake.

The platform adopted reaffirms the Chicago platform, especially emphasizing the financial plank therein; demands the renomination of William J. Bryan; opposes imperialism and declares against a standing army. The platform commends the action of Congress in declaring that our war with Spain was for humanity and not for conquest, and demands that the Cubans and Filipinos be encouraged to establish independent republics. The trusts are condemned in the platform and a Constitutional amendment for the election of President, Vice-President and United States Senators by a direct vote of the people is recommended.

The name of William J. Bryan was cheered whenever it was mentioned.

ADDRESS BY W. J. BRYAN.

Says the Chicago Platform Will Be Reaffirmed Entirely.

WINNEMUCCA, Nev. (Special).—William J. Bryan passed through Winnemucca on his way to California, and delivered an address to a large crowd. He said in part:

"I believe the outlook for success in 1900 was never better than at present. The Chicago platform at the convention next year will be reaffirmed entirely. Two of the greatest of the new issues that are before the country are, first, the trusts second, the Philippine question. The first question can scarcely be called new; but the trusts have been so multiplied that the question assumes an importance which it did not have in 1896."

CLEVELAND CAR BLOWN UP.

Five Persons Have Their Legs Broken—Work of Dynamiters.

CLEVELAND, Ohio (Special).—A street car on the Wilson avenue line was blown up by dynamite between Scovill and Quincy streets. There were six passengers, five of whom sustained broken legs. The other passenger and the crew of the car escaped without injury.

The explosion lifted the car off the track, but it fell back and imprisoned the five passengers. They were released by the crew.

Minor Mention.

Chicago has 168,000,000 eggs in cold storage.

The English papers are asking whether the United States will annex Santo Domingo.

The decree permitting persons in France to have private letter boxes has gone into effect.

Eastern Colorado, Western Nebraska and Kansas are suffering from a grasshopper plague.

The dry goods stores of Brooklyn are beginning to introduce automobile delivery wagons.

The Hawaiian Christian Endeavor Union comprises seventeen societies with a membership of 500.

Londoners are to be introduced to the American trolley cars on a line to be built between London and Brigaton.

Automobiles have been excluded from Fairmount Park in Philadelphia until regulations for their guidance can be prepared.

At the next meeting of the Gulf States coast lumbermen an effort will be made to make provision for a clearing house bureau.

The trade of England and Germany in the Sulu Archipelago is regulated by a convention drawn up between Spain, England and Germany.

Several Chicago business men have been arrested for violating the Illinois law forbidding the use of the American flag for advertising purposes.

M'KINLEY TO THE CUBANS

Renews Our Promise to Aid in Establishing Self-Government.

Taking the Census the First Step—President Urges the Necessity of Giving Accurate Information.

HAVANA (By Cable).—President McKinley's proclamation addressed to the Cuban people was made public by Governor-General Brooke. The document says:

"The disorganized condition of your island, resulting from the war and the absence of any generally recognized authority aside from the temporary military control of the United States, has made it necessary that the United States should follow the restoration of order and peaceful industry by giving its assistance and supervision to the successive steps by which you will proceed to the establishment of an effective system of self-government.

"As a preliminary step in the performance of this duty I have directed that a census of the people of Cuba be taken, and have appointed competent and disinterested citizens of Cuba as enumerators and supervisors.

"It is important for the proper arrangement of your new Government that the information sought shall be fully and accurately given, and I request that by every means in your power you aid the officers appointed in the performance of their duties."

MCKINLEY HOMESTEAD AT CANTON, OHIO.
(The President recently purchased his old home, and in a speech addressed to his neighbors referred feelingly to the scenes of his early life.)

NEW PORTO RICAN LAWS.

Insular Commission Makes Its Report to Secretary Root.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—The Insular Commission appointed by the President some months ago to inquire into and report on conditions in Porto Rico and draft a code of laws for the island, completed its work and presented its final report to Secretary Root.

As to the preparation of the code the commission says that certain United States statutes applying to general subjects has been adopted. The report says:

"The code will be found to embrace every subject for a complete government, and to be a code of laws complete in itself, supplanting or embodying all former laws and orders, and applying the common law and equitable principles as construed and enforced in the United States."

The commission recommends adoption of a system of public improvements throughout the island, regulated by laws similar to those prevailing in the United States. The commission thinks that franchises should be granted wherever proper.

As to entering upon the work of a Territorial or State Government, it is thought best to wait until the people have had an opportunity to become better educated.

The commission recommends that a general revision of the tariff rates should be made at once.

FATAL RAILROAD COLLISION.

Runaway Freight Cars Wreck an Erie Passenger Train.

ARLINGTON, N. J. (Special).—Two freight cars running wild down a long steep grade dashed along the tracks of the New York and Greenwood Lake Division of the Erie Railroad from Bloomfield to Arlington, and as they shot around a curve, traveling at a high rate of speed, they crashed into the engine of a passenger train bound west. The two runaway cars and the locomotive and the smoking car of the passenger train were wrecked.

One person died soon after being taken out of the wreck, three others were seriously injured and more than twenty-one others were hurt. The dead man is Arthur Neary, of Jersey City.

The two runaway cars went about ten miles from time they broke loose from the train of which they formed a part until they struck the passenger train. So great was the force of the collision that the engine was broken into many pieces, and the smoking car was lifted from the tracks and hurled into the air and rolled down a forty foot embankment, turning over and over, but not a person in the coaches behind it received a scratch.

"NO PLACE LIKE HOME."

Utterance of the President on Visiting Relatives in Canton.

CANTON, Ohio (Special).—President and Mrs. McKinley, for the first time in nearly a year, visited their relatives, neighbors and friends in Canton for a few days of rest.

Members of the Eighth Ohio, who served in Cuba, paid their respects at the Barber Home, when, after Judge Baldwin had extended to the President the hearty welcome of friends and neighbors, the President responded as follows:

"Judge Baldwin and my fellow citizens—I appear only for a moment that I may give expression of my appreciation of the more than gracious welcome which you have extended to me. After all, there is no place like home. And this is my home. Here thirty-two or thirty-three years ago I commenced my professional life. Here have been formed some of the most tender and sacred associations, some of them, indeed, have been severed, but this is the sent and the centre of my memory."

Leather Belts For the Soldiers.

The Secretary of War, on the recommendation of the Quartermaster-General, has decided to issue leather belts as part of the clothing allowance of the troops in the Philippines. This is the first time that belts have been made a part of the clothing allowance of the army.

Rebels Elect a President.

The revolutionists have established Provisional Government in the city of Santiago, Santo Domingo, with General Horacio Vasquez as President and Ramon Caceres as Minister of War.

American Claims Against Canada.

Former Representative James Hamilton Lewis, of Washington, has presented to the State Department, Washington, all the papers re presenting the claims of about 1000 American miners against the Canadian Government on account of the exclusion law passed by the British Columbia Parliament. The claims aggregate $15,000,000.

Losses by Storm in Porto Rico.

The latest estimates on the loss of life in the recent hurricane in Porto Rico place the figure at 5000 at the lowest, and the loss of property was many millions. Accurate figures may never be obtained.

Descendant of Columbus Dead.

Mrs. Mary Harriet Robinson, the only direct descendant of Columbus in America, died at her home in Sandusky, Ohio, aged 80 years. Mrs. Robinson became noted during the World's Fair. She leaves a son, Mr. Henry Robinson of New York City, a well-known lawyer.

Six Killed in Arizona Fire.

Six lives were lost and $115,000 worth of property destroyed in a blaze that burned the merchandise establishment of E. Sanguinetti at Yuma, Ariz. Scores were busily at work trying to save the merchandise when the floor above fell upon them with a crash, killing six and injuring many more.

THE MARKETS.

Late Wholesale Prices of Country Produce Quoted in New York.

BUTTER.			
Creamery—West. extras..	$	@	$ 21
Firsts	19½	@	20
Thirds to seconds	16½	@	19
State—Thirds to firsts	16½	@	20
State Dairy tubs, extras	—	@	19
Imitation Creamery	14	@	17
Factory, fresh firsts	14½	@	15
Low grades	—	@	13
CHEESE.			
State—Full cream, fancy	10¼	@	10⅝
Small	10¾	@	11
Part skims, good to prime	7	@	8½
Full skims	—	@	3½
EGGS.			
Nearby—Fancy	—	@	20
State and Penn—Fresh	17	@	18
Western—Choice	16	@	16½
Southern	—	@	—
BEANS AND PEAS.			
Beans—Marrow, choice, 1898	—	@	1 55
Medium, 1898	1 37½	@	1 40
Pea, choice, 1898	1 37½	@	1 40
Red kidney, choice, 1898	1 65	@	1 70
White kidney, choice, 1898	1 85	@	1 90
Yellow eye	1 35	@	1 40
Lima, Cal., ₱ 60 lbs	2 77½	@	2 80
Green peas, bags	—	@	1 07½
FRUITS AND BERRIES—FRESH.			
Huckleberries, ₱ qt	4	@	9
Muskmelons, ₱ bbl	40	@	1 00
Watermelons, ₱ 100	4 00	@	14 00
Apples, Red, ₱ bbl	1 00	@	1 75
Alexander, ₱ bbl	2 00	@	2 50
Peaches, Jersey, ₱ basket	85	@	1 25
Grapes, Del., ₱ carrier	50	@	75
Pears, Seckle, ₱ bbl	2 00	@	2 75
Bell, ₱ bbl	2 00	@	2 25
Bartlett, ₱ bbl	1 50	@	2 50
Plums, State, ₱ basket	10	@	25
HOPS.			
State—1898, choice, ₱ lb	—	@	—
Fair to prime	12	@	15
Pacific Coast, 1898, choice	—	@	16
Common to prime	11	@	15
Old odds	3	@	6½
LIVE POULTRY.			
Fowls, ₱ lb	10½	@	11
Spring chickens, ₱ lb	9½	@	10
Roosters, ₱ lb	—	@	7
Turkeys, ₱ lb	—	@	10
Ducks, ₱ pair	30	@	60
Geese, ₱ pair	1 00	@	1 25
Pigeons, ₱ pair	20	@	25
DRESSED POULTRY.			
Turkeys, ₱ lb	11	@	12
Broilers, Phila., ₱ lb	13	@	17
Fowls, State & Penn., ₱ lb	11	@	11½
Ducks, L. I. spring, ₱ lb	—	@	16
Geese, Eastern spring, ₱ lb	13	@	17
Squabs, ₱ doz	1 25	@	2 25
HAY AND STRAW.			
Hay—Prime, ₱ 100 lb	—	@	85
Clover mixed	55	@	60
Clover	40	@	50
Straw—Long rye	47½	@	55
VEGETABLES.			
Potatoes, L. I., ₱ bbl	1 25	@	1 62
Jersey, ₱ bbl	1 00	@	1 37
Sweet, Va., ₱ bbl	75	@	1 25
Cabbages, L. I., ₱ 100	2 00	@	3 50
Onions, Jersey, ₱ basket	75	@	1 00
Orange Co. red, ₱ bag	50	@	90
Tomatoes, Jersey, ₱ box	10	@	20
Squash, ₱ bbl	50	@	1 25
Turnips, white, ₱ bbl	40	@	60
Peas, ₱ bag	1 25	@	1 75
Lima, Jersey, ₱ bu	60	@	1 00
String beans, ₱ bag	75	@	1 00
Peppers, ₱ bbl	40	@	60
Cucumbers, ₱ bbl	50	@	1 50
Green corn, ₱ 100	40	@	85
Egg plant, ₱ bbl	40	@	75
Celery, ₱ doz	10	@	35
Cauliflower, ₱ bbl	2 00	@	4 00
GRAIN, ETC.			
Flour—Winter Patents	3 80	@	3 90
Spring Patents	3 85	@	4 00
Wheat—No. 1 N. Duluth	74¾	@	75¾
No. 2 Red	73⅝	@	75¾
Corn—No. 2	37¾	@	38¾
Oats—No. 2 White	—	@	28
Track mixed	26½	@	27½
Rye—Western	61½	@	62
State	—	@	5 15
Lard—City steam	5.20c	@	5.25c
LIVE STOCK.			
Beeves, city dressed	7½	@	9¼
Calves, city dressed	9	@	11½
Country dressed	6	@	10
Sheep, ₱ 100 lb	3 75	@	4 12½
Lambs, ₱ 100 lb	5 50	@	6 25
Hogs—Live, ₱ 100 lb	4 70	@	4 80
Country dressed	4½	@	7½

GOOD TIMES IN THE SOUTH.

One Week's Record of the Section's New Trade Enterprises.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn. (Special). — The Tradesman reports the following new industrial enterprises reported in the South within a week: Bridge and machine works in West Virginia; coal mines in Kentucky; copper mines in North Carolina; cotton mills in Georgia, Louisiana and Texas; a cotton and woolen mill and a crate and barrel factory in North Carolina; electrical industries in Florida, Mississippi and Tennessee; flouring mills in Alabama, Tennessee, Texas and West Virginia; furniture factories in Alabama and Georgia; gold mines in Georgia; a 150,000-bushel grain elevator in Texas; a $100,000 hardware company in West Virginia; a harness and saddlery works in Kentucky; an ice factory in Alabama; iron ore mines in Virginia; a knitting mill in Tennessee; lumber mills in Louisiana and North Carolina; phosphate mines in Tennessee; a planing mill in Louisiana; a telephone system in Kentucky; tobacco steameries in North Carolina; a woolen mill in West Virginia.

CROP CONDITIONS POOR.

There is a Lack of Rain in the West and South.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—The Weather Bureau's weekly summary of crop conditions show that drought continues with increased severity in Texas, Oklahoma, Southern Missouri and Michigan and rain is much needed in the Ohio Valley, the lower lake region, New England and generally throughout the southern and central Rocky Mountain districts.

Very favorable weather conditions prevailed in Iowa, Northern Missouri, Nebraska and Kansas, but reports of the effects of excessive moisture are received from the Dakotas and Minnesota.

WILL FIGHT MEAT TRUST.

Retail Butchers Will Establish an Independent Slaughter House System.

NEW YORK CITY (Special).—The retail butchers of this city, who are fighting the Meat Trust, have raised $1,000,000 toward the $5,000,000 capital stock for their new independent slaughter house system, and $2,000,000 is promised.

A leading lawyer has been employed to draft articles of incorporation for the co-operative company.

Proposed $150,000,000 Cotton Trust.

Nelson G. Greene was in Fall River, Mass., representing a syndicate of New Yorkers who want to control the cotton mills of the country on a capitalization of $150,000,000. He declined to give his offering prices, but asked the mills to send a committee to New York City to receive the details of the bid from the men who are organizing the syndicate.

Silver For the South.

Currency in the form of silver dollars has begun to go South from New York City to assist the movement of the cotton crop.

Business Brief.

The spruce gum crop is the largest ever gathered.

The price of hemp is advancing rapidly in London and Manila.

The 1899 crop of California raisins will be shorter than that of 1898.

The price of structural steel has been increased five dollars per ton.

The United States are sending corn to Europe at the rate of 5,000,000 bushels a week.

According to the lastest estimate of Statistician Snow the corn crop of the country this year will be 2,250,000,000 bushels. The actual yield last year was 1,924,184,660 bushels.

The South Carolina tobacco crop will aggregate 20,000,000 pounds this year.

The railroads cannot obtain freight cars enough for their traffic. Such a shortage of freight cars was never known, though the railroads have far more cars than they ever had before.

With the output of the American Tin Plate Company at the rate of 9,000,000 boxes a year, the advance in price of 27½ cents a box, which was announced, increases the earning at the rate of $2,475,000 a year.

The Minneapolis Journal, in its annual estimate of the wheat crop of the Northwest, gives 200,000,000 bushels as the probable wheat yield. That is 25,000,000 bushels less than last year. Hailstones are responsible for considerable loss.

THE NEWS EPITOMIZED

Washington Items.

The Postmaster-General ordered the discontinuance of the postoffice at Peck, Fla., because of the recent whitecapping of the postmaster there.

The agents of the State Department in Europe have failed to note any progress of Aguinaldo's agents toward securing recognition of the belligerent rights of the Filipinos.

Secretary Root is considering the establishment of a blockade of Philippine ports, to prevent supplies from reaching the insurgents.

Cable advices received at the War Department state that it will be impossible to save the cableship Hooker and her cargo of supplies for the extension of the cable service about the Philippines.

The State Department does not apprehend that any international complications will arise out of General Otis's course in excluding Chinese from the Philippines, as this is said to be only a temporary military expedient, leaving the general question to be determined by Congress.

Our Adopted Islands.

A pronounced change is taking place in Cuban sentiment and little talk is now heard about independence, while the annexationists are growing bolder every day.

Lieutenant Hobson announces that he will soon have three of the Spanish ships which Admiral Dewey sank in Manila Bay ready for enrollment in our navy.

The taking of the census in Cuba is to begin on October 16, this step being merely preliminary to the establishment of a republican form of government.

The Bureau of Agriculture in Porto Rico has been established with a chief at $2000 a year, who will collect facts and statistics respecting cultivation and the disposal of products, model farming establishments for experiment with the latest and of new shrubs, plants, fruits, grains and domestic animals, and with mines and mining.

Colonel Smith, of the Twelfth Infantry, who is in command at Angeles, is sceptical regarding Filipino friendliness. Instead of allowing the natives to return to the town, as heretofore, he has ordered his troops to shoot all men trying to pass the lines and turn back the women and children.

Piratical craft from the Caribbean Islands, off Yucatan, and smugglers from Jamaica have recently been disturbing residents of the Isle of Pines and encroaching upon the sponge fields off the Cuban south coast. Collector Bliss, at Havana, has been asked to send a revenue cutter to patrol the district.

The public schools at Manila have all been reopened. One hour each day is devoted to study of the English language. Tuition is free. Books are furnished to pupils who are too poor to buy them. All the American holidays have been added to those on the Filipino calendar.

The police of Havana have inaugurated a crusade against vagrants and beggars. Great leniency has been shown this class heretofore, because of the hard times, caused by the war. Those unable or unwilling to work will be sent to the penitentiary.

Domestic.

A disease has broken out among cattle near the western border of Monroe County, Penn., which is killing off whole herds.

Joseph E. Ransdell was elected from the Fifth Congress District of Louisiana to fill the vacancy caused by the death of the late S. T. Bird. Ransdell was nominated in a white Democratic primary and his opponent was a Populist named A. T. Nelson.

The bronze bas ger which Wisconsin is to give to the battleship named in honor of the State has been cast in Chicago, and weighs, with the shield upon which it rests, 1200 pounds. The shield bears the State coat-of-arms, with the word "Forward," the State's motto. The whole is made from captured Spanish cannon, and the design is by Paul Kupper.

Owing to a lack of funds two of the public baths maintained by Newark, N. J., will have to be closed in a few days. Over 60,000 persons have taken advantage of them during the present year. They are not closed ordinarily until the middle of October.

An anti-Dreyfus organization has been formed at St. Louis, Mo., for the purpose of lending both moral and financial aid to the prosecutors of the prisoner. There is a large French colony in St. Louis, and almost without a single exception the members are antagonistic to Dreyfus.

Seven white men have been arrested charged with participating in the whitecapping of the negro deputy postmaster, Crum, at Peck, Fla. Sixteen warrants have been sworn out for other members of the gang.

While in his engine cab, W. H. McCarthy, an engineer on the Lake Erie Railroad, was shot through the temple. He died an hour later. The homicide occurred six miles west of Muncie, Ind., as the train was going through the woods. There was no clue to the assassin, and it is believed they shot him in revenge.

Julius Alexander, colored, was hanged at Charlotte, N. C., for assaulting a white woman last February. A colored preacher in a talk on the scaffold said Alexander's crime was "one in which we are glad to see the law carried out."

The dry house of Samuel Debble's powder mill, two miles south west of Shoppiktown, Penn., was completely wrecked by the explosion of several tons of powder. Two men were killed, William T. Betzonberger, of Walnutport, and Harry Jones, of Shepleton. Betzenberger was a nephew and partner of Mr. Debble.

Mrs. Edith Quick, the young widow of William Quick, who met death by arsenical poisoning, is in jail at Peru, Ind., on the charge of committing the murder. Mrs. Quick maintains her innocence, but the circumstantial evidence against her is said to be strong.

J. B. O'Brien, editor of a Democratic newspaper, shot and killed Dr. J. B. Harris, Chairman of the McLennan County Populist Executive Committee, at Bruceville, Texas. The men quarrel led over articles printed in O'Brien's paper. O'Brien has been placed in jail in Waco.

Foreign.

The Russian ice-breaking steamer Ermak has just finished a fortnight's trip to the northwest of Spitzbergen, Norway. She went through 200 miles of ice, the estimated thickness of which was fourteen feet, without the slightest interruption.

J. M. Sinclair, High Sheriff of Donegal, Ireland, committed suicide by shooting himself on receipt of the announcement that his daughter, eighteen years of age, had been drowned in another part of the country. The latter story now turns out to be false. The author of the falsehood is unknown.

It has been agreed in the New Zealand House of Representatives that the Government shall help pay for the proposed Pacific cable.

The 150th anniversary of the birth of Goethe was celebrated by immense crowds at Frankfort-on-the-Main, Germany. The Goethe Platz and statue were beautifully decorated.

The United States Consul at Gibraltar will advance the funds necessary to send to Cuba the twenty Cubans who were released by Spain from the penal colony at Ceuta, and are now in a penniless condition in Gibraltar.

The officials of the Greater Britain Exhibition, at Earl's Court, London, decided, on account of the recent scandals, to close against women the Kaffir kraal, peopled by three hundred African natives, who depict scenes of savage life in connection with the exhibition.

Emperor William has signed a decree discharging twenty-two office holders who were also members of the Prussian Diet and who voted against his Canal bill.

A revolt against the Brazilian Government has broken out in the Upper Amazon country.

Fraulein Johanna Stein, a teacher, a few days ago started to climb the Planica, in the Julian Alps, without a guide. As she did not return, a search was made for her and her mutilated body was found at the foot of a rock 200 metres high.

In consequence of the outbreak of the plague in Astrakhan, the Roumanian Government has established a sanitary cordon along the Russian frontier.

The Formosa rebels have again taken the field against the Japanese.

The long-deferred rain has fallen heavily throughout Southern England and in Wales and the midlands, and there is a great feeling of relief now that the drought is over.

Large stores of ammunition as well as many troops are being dispatched from England to South Africa.

Brazil and Argentina will exhibit at the Pan-American Exposition at Buffalo.

The Sultan of Morocco has notified the powers that he is destroying the native boats on the Riff coast and is establishing a gunboat service, in order to protect foreign shipping from piracy.

M. Vonderwelsa, a Russian financier, has failed for upward of 50,000,000 rubles; other large failures have occurred in consequence.

GREAT INDUSTRIAL BOOM.

Iron and Steel Mills Are Unable to Supply the Demand.

PRODUCTS SOLD MONTHS AHEAD.

Remarkable Activity in the Iron and Steel Market—Prices Moving Upward—Value of Our Exports, Including Agricultural Implements, Enormously Increased—Large Decrease in Imports

NEW YORK CITY (Special).—The growing scarcity of steel and iron products and the inability of the mills to furnish those needed in the construction of railway bridges equipment, machinery of all kinds, girders and beams for buildings is becoming a matter of serious importance to the development of enterprise in every direction.

The result of business revival in all parts of the country has been a great boom in the building industry, as well as the opening of new manufacturing plants and an increase in the capacity of those already in operation. To meet these enormous requirements the iron mills and furnaces which were idle for years, when overproduction had brought the iron trade to a profitless state of stagnation, were opened again, and are now being operated at their full capacity.

They are powerless, however, to turn out a sufficient supply. For the first time in years we have to turn to England and Wales for relief. It is but meagre, however.

The scarcity is almost as great there as it is in this country. The mills there are only taking contracts for delivery late in the winter, while the American mills cannot consider any contracts that call for delivery before the spring of 1900.

It is not the demands from the United States alone, however, which have so embarrassed the iron trade of our own country. The foreign inquiry for our manufactures of iron and steel has grown to enormous proportions since the Spanish war.

Our mowing, reaping and threshing machines have driven all competing machinery out of the wheat fields of Russia, India, Australasia and South America because they are more economical, lighter, stronger and simpler in construction than the cumbersome products of England, Germany and France. They have gradually been growing cheaper, too, because of the improvement in the labor-saving devices used in their manufacture.

"Carrying coals to Newcastle" is an old saw that has lost its meaning in the light of America's developing trade, for we not only send coal, and tons of it, to Newcastle every year, but we actually send knives and cutlery to Sheffield, where they are sold cheaper and are considered as good as the product of her own famous mills.

An equally striking illustration of the great development of our iron and steel trade in directions that several years ago would hardly have been believed possible is the fact that American rails were for the most part used in the construction of the railway which General Kitchener's army built along the Nile to Khartoum, and that the rolling stock of this great civilized thoroughfare consists of locomotives built in Paterson, N. J., and pressed steel cars constructed in Pittsburg, Penn.

These are only a few familiar illustrations of the growth of the iron trade, and they give a fair example of the causes which lead to the great revival of this iron industry. The actual figures of our exports are of themselves sufficiently convincing even to the most unpractical mind.

In 1898 our exports of iron and steel and their products aggregated no less than $82,717,350, as compared with $62,747,250 in 1897 and $48,670,218 in 1896. This does not include agricultural implements, which amounted to $9,037,384 in 1898, as against $5,302,807 in 1897 and $4,513,729 in 1896. Just as important are the reductions in the value of our imports of iron and steel, which in 1898 were $12,473,637, foreign value, against $18,836,204 in 1897, $19,462,561 in 1896 and $25,772,136 in 1895.

R. G. Dun & Co., in their weekly trade report, said:

"Perhaps never before have demands for actual use controlled business and prices with so little speculation to anticipate higher markets. In fact the rise in most articles has gone farther than speculative opinions have warranted. But every day men are clamoring for immediate deliveries of boots and shoes, of textile goods, and especially of iron products, because their customers cannot be longer delayed without loss, and large sums have been paid by way of bonus to come out of expected profits in order to get goods ordered but not yet delivered.

"Practically all industries are some months behind the requirements for actual use, and in many much of the output next year is already sold.

"Iron works which simply supply Pittsburg are sold up far into 1900 and can do nothing, though orders much beyond what they received are paid by those who must have iron this year.

"The enormous demand for more railroads, and rails and cars, more vessels, warehouses and buildings to handle the extraordinary business in progress cannot be met as quickly as men would like, and work of all sorts is delayed, from the biggest war vessel to the smallest factory."

Village Wiped Out by a Tornado.

News has been received at Newport, Ark. that the town Pleasant Plains, in the southern part of Independence County, was struck by a tornado and demolished.

Fewer Paupers in England.

The proportion of paupers to the population of England is lower now than it has been for forty-five years.

Farm For Sale.

One of the very best hill farms in Waitsfield, Vermont, seven (7) miles from railroad, one-half (½) mile from steam sawmills, comprising 200 acres, half of which is under the highest state of cultivation. Plenty of good timber and excellent pastures. Sugar orchard of 2000 trees, equipped with twelve hundred tin tubs two years old; the balance wooden tubs newly painted and in first-class condition. Latest improved evaporator; iron arch, large sugaring-off arch, sugar-house containing 60 cords four-foot dry wood; three years' supply stovewood on hand. Barns in first-class condition, one nearly new, 175 ton silo; abundance of small fruit; splendid orchard of grafted trees. The place kept through last winter forty (40) head of cattle, seven horses and other small stock; never-failing water at barns and dwelling. Complete set of tools of the best make. The whole place is well fenced and thoroughly well kept up. Dwelling is first-class; two stories, twelve rooms, recently painted inside and out. The whole would be sold at a great bargain, on account of death in family. For further information apply to F. A. Joslyn, Waitsfield, Vermont.

Music boxes for bicycles are now manufactured by a firm in Hamburg, Germany.

Beauty Is Blood Deep.

Clean blood means a clean skin. No beauty without it. Cascarets, Cand